# COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY JUSTICE & PUBLIC SAFETY CABINET



2020 Combined Annual Report

Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy -and-Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy

Justice & Public Safety Cabinet

Van Ingram, Executive Director Office of Drug Control Policy

April 2021



ANDY BESHEAR
GOVERNOR

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

OFFICE OF DRUG CONTROL POLICY

JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY CABINET

125 HOLMES STREET, 1<sup>ST</sup> FLOOR

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40601

(502) 564-9564

(502) 564-6104 - FAX

JUSTICE MARY C. NOBLE, RET.
SECRETARY

VAN INGRAM
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The Honorable Andy Beshear, Governor The Honorable Jacqueline Coleman, Lt. Governor Commonwealth of Kentucky The State Capitol Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

Dear Governor Beshear and Lt. Governor Coleman:

Since the establishment of this office on July 9, 2004, by Executive Order 2004-730, we have been responsible for all matters relating to the research, coordination and execution of drug control policy for the Commonwealth, while directing state and federal grants management that focus on prevention/education, enforcement, harm reduction, and treatment efforts.

The Commonwealth continues to battle this public health crisis, and we are pushing harder than ever to beat back addiction with a broad multifaceted approach that leverages every resource at our disposal to ensure a united effort among prevention, treatment, and education initiatives to address substance misuse in Kentucky. We continue to work toward significant goals that will strengthen our position to fight drugs in our state through innovative partnerships, technology and leadership.

This report focuses on the responsibilities and accomplishments of the Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy (KY-ODCP) and the Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy (KY-ASAP) and the advances of other collaborating partners to help stop the runaway train of addiction. We continue to strengthen our partnerships within our Cabinet, Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Kentucky Public Health, KY Chamber of Commerce, Eastern KY Concentrated Employment Program, and across the state with coalitions and local boards, treatment providers, prevention agencies and many other stakeholders.

Addiction is a chronic, treatable illness, not a personal choice. The solutions lie in prevention, harm reduction, treatment, and recovery. Although there is much to do in the ever changing substance use disorder, we persist in making progress and will continue to do so with your support and that of the General Assembly who have been resolute in our effort to allow us to create a better Kentucky for our citizens now and future generations.

Sincerely,

Van Ingram

**Executive Director** 

Van L. Ingram

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## **Executive Summary**

During the 2006 General Assembly, the Office of Drug Control Policy was enabled as the result of the reorganization of the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet. The enabling legislation designates the Office of Drug Control Policy to be responsible for all matters relating to the research, coordination, and execution of drug control policy and for the management of state and federal grants including but not limited to the prevention and treatment related to substance misuse. By December 31 of each year, the Office of Drug Control Policy shall review, approve, and coordinate all current projects of any substance misuse programs that are conducted by or receives funding through agencies of the executive branch. This oversight shall extend to all substance misuse programs that are principally related to the prevention or treatment, or otherwise targeted at the reduction of substance misuse in the Commonwealth.

This report is intended to fulfill the statutory obligation listed above.

As this report reflects, there are many ongoing projects throughout state government attempting to prevent and diminish substance misuse.

The majority of the prevention, education and treatment programs are administered by the Kentucky Agency of Substance Policy, the Division of Mental Health and Substance Abuse in the Cabinet of Health and Family Services, the Department of Public Health, Kentucky State Police and many more. This report highlights the successful ongoing efforts of the Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy, along with our partners addressing substance misuse crisis.

The Office of Drug Control Policy is tasked to coordinate Kentucky's response to substance misuse. Our goal is to change the way substance misuse is handled in Kentucky, reducing the problem, finding solutions, and making the Commonwealth a model for other states. We have joined prevention/education, treatment, and law enforcement in a united effort to confront this epidemic and have made great strides. As we plan, we know the success of our initiatives depends on the involvement and support of grassroots coalitions, local and state agencies, as well as community and faith-based organizations throughout Kentucky.

Also important to note, the Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy and the Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy oversees and manages a budget of \$30 million with a staff of three.

#### **Our History**

In August of 2004, a 51-member team of state, federal and local officials in substance misuse prevention-education, treatment and enforcement recommended the creation of the Office of Drug Control Policy.

Prior to making its recommendations, the Statewide Drug Control Assessment Summit conducted a 20-week assessment of substance misuse in Kentucky. The Summit was charged with the responsibility of assessing the effectiveness of existing and new local, state and federal substance misuse programs; soliciting input from citizens about substance misuse issues in their respective communities; and formulating recommendations to improve the balance and effectiveness of statewide drug control efforts.

#### **KY-ODCP Core Values**

- Plan for the development of an effective continuum of prevention and treatment services
- Key priorities and strategies across the full continuum of care, which includes prevention, harm reduction, treatment, and recovery and within the context of the family, organizations, community, and public policy
- Assure collaboration of prevention, treatment and law enforcement initiatives related to substance misuse
- Provide a repository of information on best practices and standards of practice for prevention, treatment, education and law enforcement (as related to substance misuse)
- Educate communities and families about substance misuse and resources for promoting a healthy lifestyle and assuring safety for Kentucky's children
- Involve citizens at all levels of planning and implementing effective programs
- Develop standards of practice that assure the development, maintenance and improvement of prevention, treatment, education and law enforcement initiatives
- Coordinate overall research and evaluation of effectiveness of programs and services Assist and make recommendations regarding the management of existing resources assuring cost efficiency
- Advocate for the enhancement of resources for substance misuse initiatives
- Assist in developing policy and legislation that supports the mission and goals of the agency

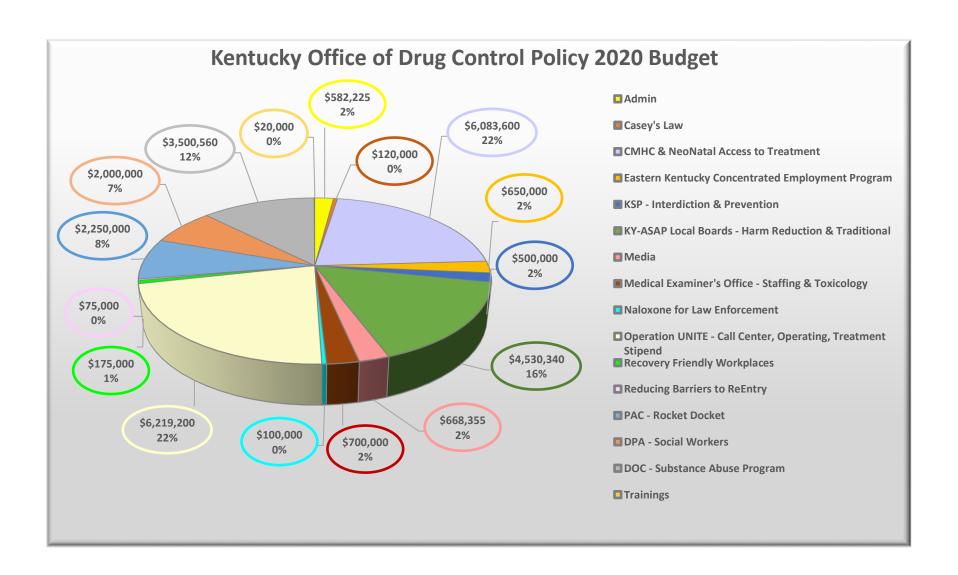
# **Overarching Themes**

#### Core Principles

- Coordination of federal, state and local government efforts is essential for effectiveness
- Collaboration and communication among key stakeholders and agencies is vital for success
- Mobilizing community initiatives is effective in addressing substance misuse
- Utilizing multiple funding streams yields improved results
- Treatment, when available, works in healing lives, families and communities
- Preventing the onset of alcohol, tobacco and illicit drug use among youth is paramount to the reduction of demand

#### **Overarching Goals**

- Establish multi-jurisdictional enforcement efforts that contain a local, state and coordinate, and when possible, integrate publicly funded prevention, treatment and enforcement efforts
- Reduce the demand for prescription & illicit drugs in Kentucky
- Reduce the supply of prescription & illicit drugs in Kentucky
- Promote the implementation of evidence-based strategies that target youth and adults
- Reduce the stigma associated with alcohol and drug addiction
- Promote safer communities and family stability
- Promote and support legislative efforts to address and fund alcohol, tobacco and other drug use/misuse initiatives
- Increase access to substance misuse treatment



# Substance Abuse Initiatives Funding Update

In 2020 the Kentucky Justice and Public Safety Cabinet announced that eight programs in Kentucky will receive a total of \$16 million from the state budget this year to combat heroin and substance misuse in the Commonwealth.

Among other efforts, the expanded funds will help support treatment in communities and jails, alternative sentencing programs and care for expectant mothers who are struggling with drug dependency.

#### • \$2,000,000 – DPA Social Workers

Funds from ODCP to Department of Public Advocacy (DPA) to provide social workers in DPA offices to assist with social needs of defendants

#### • \$2,883,100 – CHFS – Neo Natal Abstinence Syndrome

Funds from ODCP to Division of Behavioral Health to expand treatment for pregnant & parenting women with substance use disorder

#### • \$3,200,500 - CHFS - CMHC

Funds from ODCP to Division of Behavioral Health to expand treatment access through Community Mental Health Centers (CMHC)

#### • \$2,250,000 – PAC – Rocket Docket

Funds from ODCP to Prosecutors Advisory Council (PAC) to sub grant to Commonwealth Attorneys to operate Rocket Docket programs

#### • \$150,000 – Kentucky Broadcasters Association

Funds from ODCP to Kentucky Broadcasters Association (KBA) to provide PSAs year round

#### • \$3,500,560- - DOC – Substance Abuse Program

Funds from ODCP to DOC to operate Substance Abuse programming in prisons, county jails for state and non-state inmates. In addition, to operate a Naltrexone program for inmates with opioid use disorder leaving custody.

#### • \$700,000 – Kentucky Medical Examiner's Office – Staffing & Toxicology

Funds from ODCP to Kentucky Medical Examiner's Office to assist with Staffing and toxicology

#### • \$1,033,840 – KY-ASAP Local Boards – Harm Reduction Awards

(\$1,057,619.55 total split between SB192 & Tobacco funding) Funds from ODCP to local KY-ASAP Board to operate prevention, enforcement and treatment programs specifically related to Opioids

The Kentucky Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental and Intellectual Disabilities (BHDID) will collaborate with KY-ASAP for the distribution and monitoring of funds for the grant program.

The Kentucky Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental and Intellectual Disabilities (BHDID) will collaborate with KY-ASAP for the distribution and monitoring of funds for the grant program.

The goal of the program is to serve adults diagnosed with a substance misuse disorder or a cooccurring mental illness with a substance misuse diagnosis. Thirteen (13) CMHCs were selected to receive funding of \$3,550,500 include:

•	Pennyroyal, Hopkinsville	\$300,000
•	New Vistas of the Bluegrass	\$300,000
•	Seven Counties, Louisville	\$300,000
•	Lifeskills, Bowling Green	\$265,000
•	Kentucky River, Hazard	\$300,000
•	Centerstone, Louisville	\$350,000
•	Cumberland River, Corbin	\$275,000
•	North Key, Northern KY	\$150,000
•	Mt. Comp Care, Prestonsburg	\$300,000
•	Communicare, Elizabethtown	\$200,000
•	Comprehend, Maysville	\$300,000
•	Pathways, Ashland	\$300,000
•	Lake Cumberland, Corbin	\$210,500

Ten additional awards totaling \$2,883,100 were granted to providers to address Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome include:

• University of Kentucky (Beyond Birth)	\$300,000
<ul> <li>Chrysallis House, Lexington</li> </ul>	\$325,000
St. Elizabeth Medical Center	\$35,200
• Cumberland River, Corbin	\$324,700
<ul> <li>Lifeskills, Bowling Green</li> </ul>	\$317,100
<ul> <li>Serenity House (Mountain)</li> </ul>	\$325,000
Seven Counties, Louisville	\$300,000
<ul> <li>Transitions, Covington</li> </ul>	\$306,100
<ul> <li>Volunteers of America, Louisville</li> </ul>	\$325,000
<ul> <li>Kentucky River, Hazard</li> </ul>	\$325,000

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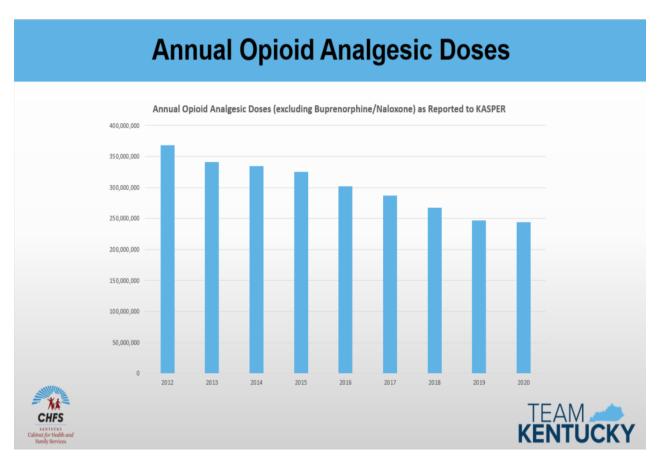
Awardees must demonstrate a commitment to ensuring individuals have access to evidence-based services and supports that include outpatient, medication-assisted, individuals, group, family, intensive outpatient, crisis, case management, residential treatment and recovery support services.

### **Trends**

#### **Prescription Drugs:**

Opioid abuse is killing Kentuckians every day. With Kentucky in the grips of COVID-19 pandemic, there is an alarming rise in overdose deaths. The grim toll it is taking individuals and their families is overwhelming. It is truly the most devastating impact of the opioid epidemic that is tightening its grip on our state.

The following chart represents a comparison of the number of prescription opioids dispensed from a high in 2012 of 368,174 dosage units to 267,191 in 2020, a 100 million-dosage decline. HB1 has had the intended effect of reducing the overprescribing of Rx painkillers.

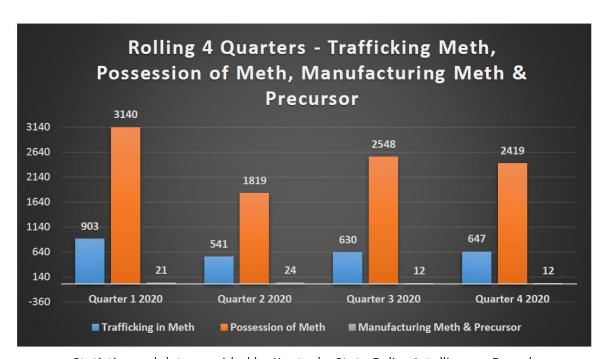


#### Methamphetamine:

Domestic production of methamphetamine has continued to decline as methamphetamine produced in Mexico remains a lower cost, higher purity, and higher potency alternative. There is a sudden abundance of methamphetamine reflects a new reality in Kentucky. A powerful Mexican organized crime syndicate, the Sinaloa drug cartel, has sought to fill the vacuum by targeting Appalachia, federal drug officials say. The traffickers follow the same business model that allowed them to inundate the nation with heroin: make meth potent, often mixing in cocaine and fentanyl, sell it cheap to ensure a steady customer base, and ultimately, mass addiction.

According to the <u>2020 National Drug Threat Assessment</u>, methamphetamine in pill form has appeared in several states in 2019 and 2020. Many incidents involved pill forms that resemble Adderall tablets that are counterfeit tablets containing methamphetamine.

Methamphetamine submissions are now making up the majority of the cases sent to the Kentucky State Police for forensic lab tests.



Statistics and data provided by Kentucky State Police Intelligence Branch

#### Marijuana:

Cannabis continues to be the most used illicit drug in Kentucky. In 2020, the marijuana eradication team seized over 410,000 plants placing Kentucky in the top 5 states for eradication plants. The good news is that in national surveys, use rates among Kentucky adolescents are some of the lowest in the nation. These low use rates are threatened by efforts to legalize marijuana use in the Commonwealth.

#### 2020 Marijuana Eradication Statistics:

Outdoor Plants 407,119

Outdoor Total Plots 2,996

Indoor Total Plants 475

Indoor Total Plots 142

Total Plants by Kentucky State Police – 407,594

# 2019 Overdose Fatality Report

Substance abuse, particularly the diversion and abuse of prescription drugs along with heroin, methamphetamine and illicit fentanyl, remains one of the most critical public health and safety issue facing Kentucky. For years, the annual number of Kentuckians who died from drug overdoses steadily climbed to a peak of more than 1,400 in 2017, exacting a disastrous toll on families, communities, social services and economic growth.

After a fifteen percent decline in overdose deaths in 2018, the toll once again is devastating in 2019, with an uptick of approximately five percent. Overdose deaths among Kentucky residents increased by 69 deaths to 1,316 an increase from 1,247 in 2018.

The Office of Drug Control Policy believes the increase is due to a rise in illicit fentanyl and its analogs within the drug supply. The problem is also exacerbated by the widespread availability of potent inexpensive methamphetamine.

In 2017, the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet in partnership with Operation UNITE established a substance abuse call center to connect people across the state with drug treatment services. The KY-HELP Call Center provides referrals to both public and private treatment providers in real-time.

Kentuckians struggling with a substance use disorder, either themselves or within their families, can call 1-833-8KY-HELP (1-833-859-4357) toll-free to speak with a live specialist about treatment options and available resources. The specialist will conduct a brief screening assessment in order to connect callers with the most relevant treatment services as quickly as possible. Options include everything from medication-assisted treatment to faith-based care, and the specialist will help callers work through all the variables, such as location and cost.

The Office of Drug Control Policy and the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center (KIPRC) also collaborated with the Cabinet for Health and Family Services and Justice and Public Safety Cabinet to create www.findhelpnowky.org. The website provides a vital link for Kentucky health care providers, court officials, families and individuals seeking options for substance abuse treatment and recovery. It offers real-time information about available space in treatment programs and guides users to the right type of treatment based upon their needs. The site is funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

House Bill 1 mandates that the Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy, in cooperation with the Kentucky Medical Examiner's Office, prepare and publish an annual public report to the Secretary of the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet to include:

- (1) The number of drug-related deaths;
- (2) The decedent's age, race, and gender, but not his or her name or address;
- (3) The counties in which those deaths occurred;

- (4) The scientific, trade, or generic names of the drugs involved; and
- (5) The method by which the drugs were obtained, when available.

This report was compiled utilizing data from the Kentucky Medical Examiner's Office, KIPRC, and the Kentucky Office of Vital Statistics (OVS).

KIPRC, with support from the CDC, launched the Drug Overdose Technical Assistance Core (DOTAC) to support local health departments, community coalitions, and state and local agencies in their efforts to address substance misuse, misuse, and overdose. DOTAC's goal is to support and enhance local agencies' and community organizations' access to timely local data and analytical results on controlled substance prescribing, drug related morbidity and mortality trends.

More information on the available data, analytical and community services is available at <a href="http://www.mc.uky.edu/kiprc/dotac/index.html">http://www.mc.uky.edu/kiprc/dotac/index.html</a>

Note: The Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy (ODCP) will change its reporting methodology next year to emphasize Kentucky residents who died from overdoses. This will make comparisons with CDC data more useful. ODCP will still calculate the number of non-residents who died in Kentucky as a result of an overdose; however, the primary data set will focus on Kentucky residents only.

#### Key findings from 2019 include<sup>1</sup>:

Overdose deaths of Kentucky residents, regardless of where the death occurred totaled 1,316 at the time of this report, compared to 1,247 in 2018, an approximate five percent increase. A review of the resident cases autopsied by the Kentucky Office of the Medical Examiner and toxicology reports submitted by Kentucky coroners indicates that in 2019:

- Residents in the age group of 35 44 were the largest demographic in overdose deaths, followed by the age group of 45 54.
- Autopsies performed by the Kentucky Office of the Medical Examiner and toxicology reports submitted by Kentucky coroners show that approximately 166 resident overdose deaths involved the use of heroin in 2019, a decrease from 188 in 2018.
- Fentanyl was involved in 759 cases, approximately 58% of all overdose deaths for the year. Acetylfentanyl was involved in 419 cases, approximately 32% of all overdose deaths for the year.
- Jefferson County had the most resident overdose deaths of any county with 319 reported, an increase from 281 in 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This report was complied by the most current data supplied by kipric and will change as additional toxicology reports are submitted

- The largest increase in resident overdose fatalities occurred in Grant County, where deaths increased by eight. Other counties with increases include Nelson, Oldham, and Pike County, which all increased by seven.
- The largest decrease of overdose deaths occurred in Fayette County, which had 22 fewer Kentucky resident fatalities in 2019 compared to the previous year. Other counties with a significant decrease in the number of overdose deaths include Kenton by 13 and Campbell by 11.
- Morphine was detected in 397 resident cases, an increase from 374 in 2018 and Monoacetylmorphine (heroin) was detected in 166 cases, a decrease from 188 in 2018.
- Alprazolam was detected in approximately 165 cases, a decrease from 214 in 2018.
- Gabapentin was detected in 292 cases, an increase from 255 cases in 2018.
- Methamphetamine was detected in 517 cases, an increase from 428 in 2018.
- Oxycodone was detected in 170 cases, an increase from 110 cases in 2018

#### Data compiled by the Kentucky Office of Vital Statistics

Most resident overdose deaths by county, age adjusted per capita, were:

- 1) Estill County 80.99
- 2) Grant County 77.41
- 3) Boyd County 64.56
- 4) Greenup County 61.96
- 5) Anderson County 50.96

#### Most resident, heroin-related overdose deaths were:

- 1) Jefferson County 61
- 2) Fayette County 17
- 3) Bullitt County 8
- 4) Pulaski County 5
- 5) Warren County 5

#### Most resident, fentanyl-related deaths were:

- 1) Jefferson County 204
- 2) Fayette County 20
- 3) Madison County 15
- 4) Kenton County 14
- 5) Boone County 12

#### Most resident, methamphetamine-related deaths were:

- 1) Jefferson County 97
- 2) Fayette County 20
- 3) Madison County 15
- 4) Kenton County 14
- 5) Boone County 12

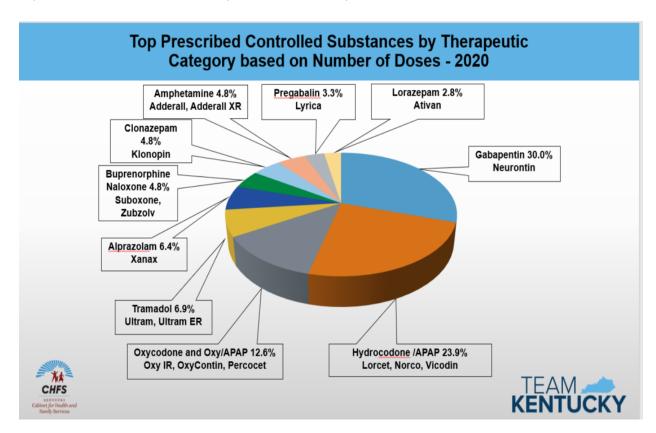
#### KASPER SUMMARY

KASPER is a controlled substance prescription monitoring system designed to be a source of information to assist practitioners and pharmacists with providing medical and pharmaceutical patient care using controlled substance medications. KASPER also provides an investigative tool for law enforcement and regulatory agencies to assist with authorized reviews and investigations. KASPER is not intended to prevent patients from receiving needed controlled substance medications.

KASPER also implemented the Kentucky Online Gateway (KOG) single sign-on system to access KASPER thus bringing KASPER in-line with other Commonwealth systems. The Non-Fatal Drug Overdose indicator from the Kentucky Health Information Exchange was activated. This feature places a flag on the KASPER patient report showing that KHIE indicates a non-fatal drug overdose. Users of KASPER can then log into KHIE to get details on the non-fatal drug overdose.

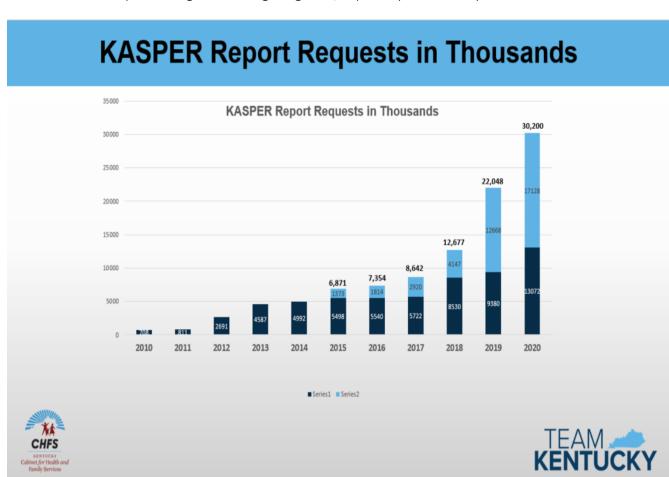
#### Top 10 Controlled Substances Dispensed in Kentucky as Reported to KASPER:

Gabapentin has now surpassed hydrocodone as the most frequently prescribed controlled substance in Kentucky. The following chart lists the generic name and some brand names for the top 10 controlled substances dispensed in Kentucky.



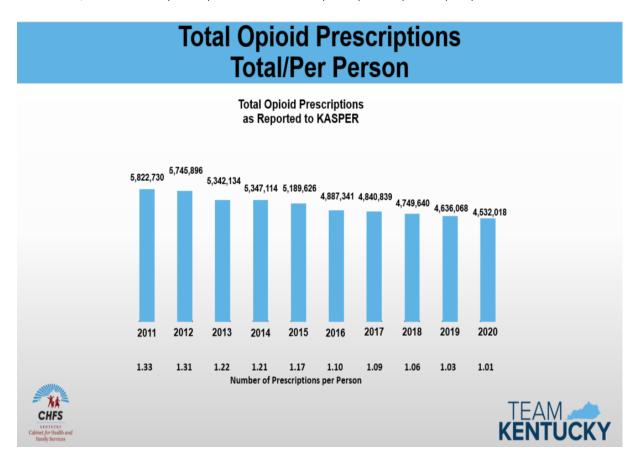
#### **KASPER Report and Data Requests**

During 2020, there were over 30,000 requests for KASPER reports and data, an increase of 37% from 2019. The increase in requests reflects expanded KASPER use by health care facilities and pharmacies that have integrated their electronic health record and pharmacy software systems with KASPER, and increased use of the interstate data sharing capability by authorized users of other state Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs, especially in Kentucky border states.



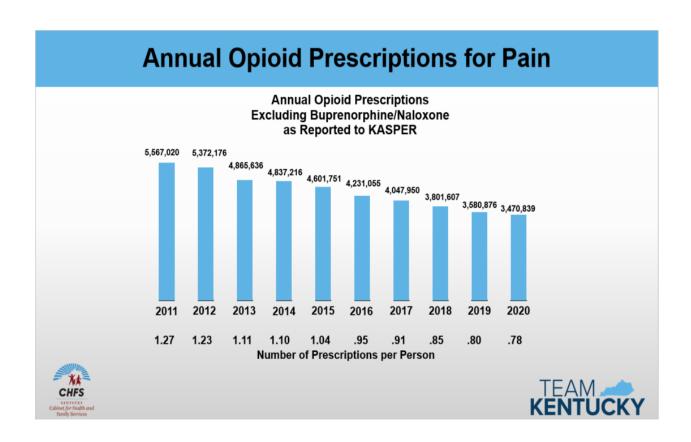
#### **Total Opioid Prescriptions**

The total number of opioid prescriptions dispensed in Kentucky as reported to KASPER continues to decline, with a 2020 per capita rate of 1.01 opioid prescriptions per person.

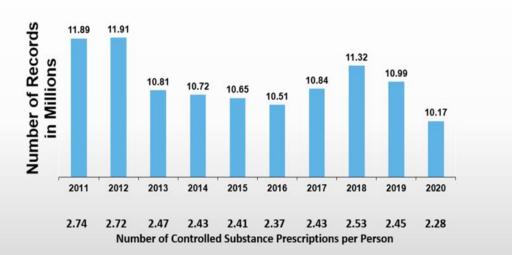


#### **Total Opioid Prescriptions for Pain**

The total number of opioid prescriptions for pain continues to decline as well. The estimated number of opioid prescriptions for pain is determined by excluding the buprenorphine/naloxone opioid data. Buprenorphine/naloxone is used for medication assisted treatment of opioid use disorder and therefore is not considered to be prescribed for pain.



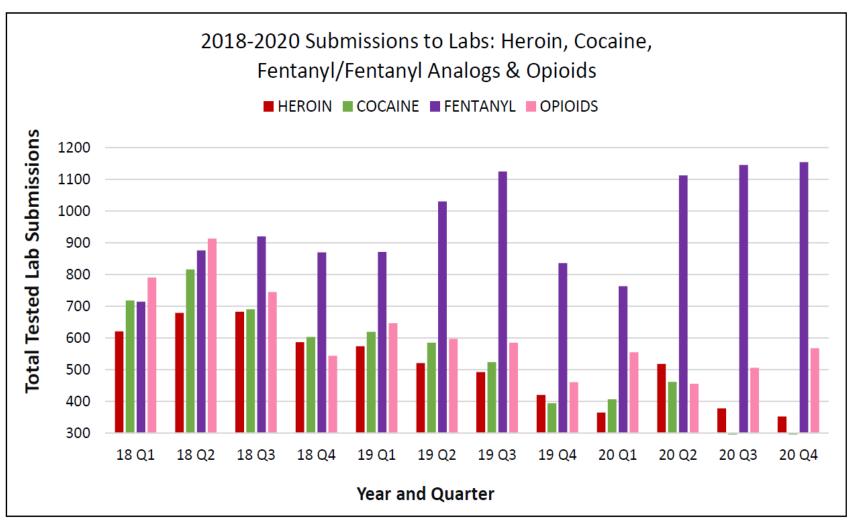
# Controlled Substance Records Reported to KASPER – Total/Per Person

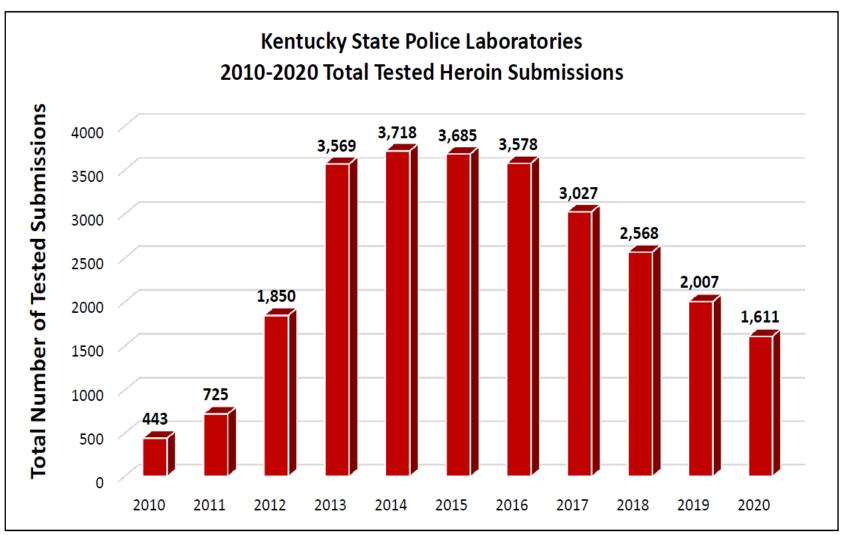


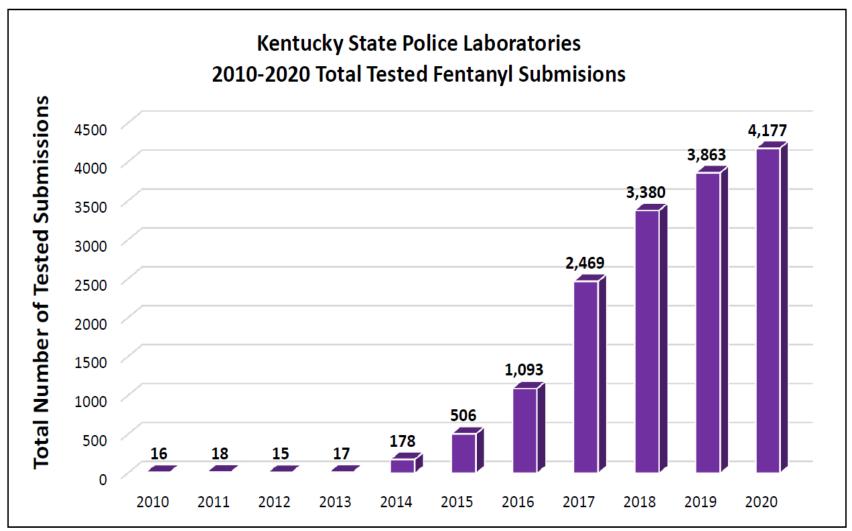


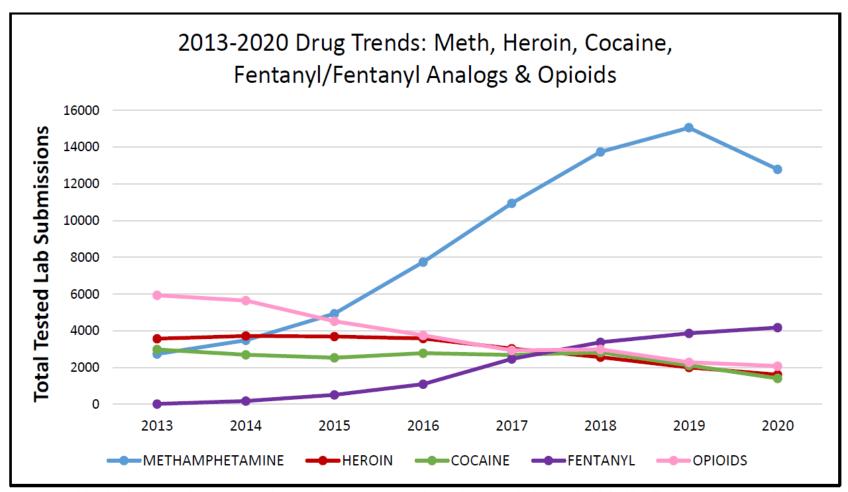


# Kentucky State Police Submissions









# Syringe Exchange Programs

Syringe services programs (SSP), also known as syringe exchange programs (SEP), have existed and been studied extensively in the United States since 1988. Community-based SSPs provide access to sterile needles and syringes free of cost, facilitate safe disposal of used needles and syringes and offer safer injection education. SSPs in Kentucky also provide participants with access to critical services and programs, including substance use disorder treatment programs; overdose prevention education; screening, care and treatment for HIV and viral hepatitis; prevention of mother-to-child transmission; hepatitis A and hepatitis B vaccination; screening for other sexually transmitted diseases and tuberculosis; partner services; and other medical, social and mental health services.

In response to Senate Bill 192 enacted in 2015, the Kentucky Department for Public Health publishes guidelines for local health departments implementing harm reduction and SSPs.

#### Facts about SSPs

- SSPs do not encourage the initiation of drug use nor do they increase the frequency of drug use among current users. (1)
- SSPs reduce the spread of infections like HIV and viral hepatitis. (2)
- SSPs do not increase community crime. Community residents may worry that syringe services locations will increase theft, sex trades, assaults, and an increase of contaminated needles on the street. However, studies have shown that SSPs actually decrease crime in the area they are located. (3)
- SSPs increase community safety. Research shows that SSPs promote public health and safety by taking syringes off the streets and protecting law enforcement personnel from needle stick injuries, which can result in the transmission of diseases such as HIV/AIDS and hepatitis B and C. (4)
- SSPs connect people to treatment. One study found that SSP participants are five times more likely to enter a drug treatment program than nonparticipants. (5)

<b>KY Syringe Services Program</b>	n (SSP) Locations and Ho	urs by County
Location (Alphabetized by County)	Address	Times (MTWRFS
Lake Cumberland District HD	801 Westlake Dr	MWF 3-4:15pm
Adair County HD	Columbia, KY 42728	
Barren River District HD	318 W Washington St	R 12-4pm
Barren County	Glasgow, KY 42142	
Bath County Health Center	68 Oberline St Owingsville, KY 40360	M 1:30-3:30 pm
Bourbon County HD	341 E Main St Paris, KY 40361	F 1-4pm
Ashland <b>Boyd</b> County HD	2924 Holt St Ashland, KY 41101	M-F 9am-2:45pm
Boyle County Health Center (1st floor)	448 S 3rd St Danville, KY 40422	M 8am-5:30pm TWR 8am-4:30pm F 8am-3pm
Bracken County Health Department	429 Frankfort St Brooksville, KY 41004	W 10am-3pm *Also By Appointme
Breathitt County HD	955 Hwy 30 W Jackson, KY 41339	W 1-4pm
Northern Kentucky HD  Campbell County HD (Mobile Unit)  St Elizabeth Healthcare Urgent Care	1400 N Grand Ave Newport, KY 41075	Tue 1-4pm
Carter County HD	300 W Main St Grayson, KY 41143	M-F 8am-3pm
Clark County HD	400 Professional Ave Winchester, KY 40391	F 12-4pm
Clay County HD	330 Shamrock Rd	M-R 8am-4:30pm
	Manchester, KY 40962	F 8am-11:30am
Owenshare Davidses County	1600 Brockopridge St	(same as clinic hours
Owensboro-Daviess County Community Health Center	1600 Breckenridge St Owensboro, KY 42301	M-F 8am-4pm
Daviess County	400 Crabtree Ave	F 11am-2pm
New Life Church parking lot (Mobile Unit)	Owensboro, KY 42301	r 11aiii-2piii
(Corner of 4th St and Crabtree Ave) Elliott County Health Center	109 David Blair Blvd	W 2-4pm
Estill County HD	Sandy Hook, KY 41171 365 River Dr	M 10am-5:30pm
Louisetes Fountte Court 110	Irvine, KY 40336	111.400
Lexington-Fayette County HD	650 Newtown Pike	M 1-4pm
Dr. Rice C. Leach Community Room	Lexington, KY 40502	W 3-6:30pm
Flouri County UD	202 Cabla 6	F 11am-4pm
Floyd County HD	283 Goble St Prestonsburg, KY 41653	W 3-6pm
Franklin County HD	100 Glenns Creek Rd Frankfort, KY 40601	MTRF 8:30am-4pm W 8:30am-6pm

Location (Alphabetized by County)	Address	Times (MTWRFS
Garrard County HD	89 Farra Dr	MWR 8am-4:30pm
	Lancaster, KY 40444	T 8am-6pm
		F 8am-12pm
Grant County Health Center	234 Barnes Rd	W 1-4pm
	Williamstown, KY 41097	
Graves County HD	416 Central Ave	M 1-3pm
	Mayfield, KY 42066	W 8am-3pm
Greenup County HD	806 Seaton Ave # 1	Temporarily Closed
	Greenup, KY 41144	(effective 03/26/20)
Harrison County Health Center	364 Oddville Ave	R 12-4:30pm
	Cynthiana, KY 41031	
Henderson County Health Center	472 Klutey Park Plaza	M-F 8am-4pm
	Henderson, KY 42420	
Henderson County Health Center	Salvation Army (parking lot)	W 1-3pm
	1213 Washington St	
	Henderson, KY 42420	
Hopkins County HD	412 N Kentucky Ave	W 2-4pm
	Madisonville, KY 42431	
Jackson County HD	456 Main St St	M-R 8am-4:30pm
	McKee, KY 40447	F 8am-11:30am
7,00		(same as clinic hours
Jefferson County / Louisville Metro	400 E Gray St	MF 11am-4pm
Dept. of Public Health & Wellness	Louisville, KY 40202	TW 1-6pm
		R 3-6pm, S 11am-2p
Jefferson County - Middletown	200 Juneau Dr	M 10am-1pm
Louisville Metro E Gov. Ctr. (Parking Lot)	Louisville, KY 40243	
Jefferson County	3640 River Park Dr	T 10am-1pm
Redeemer Lutheran Church	Louisville, KY 40211	
(Corner of 37th and River Park)	4455 N. L. W.	
Jefferson County - Bicknell	1455 Bicknell Ave	W 11am-2pm
(Corner of Bicknell and Taylor)	Louisville, KY 40215	0.11 2
Jefferson County	4603 Cane Run Rd	R 11am-2pm
Behind Lake Dreamland Fire Station  Jefferson County	Louisville, KY 40216 2215 Portland Ave	f 1 Ann
Portland Family Health Center	Louisville, KY 40212	F 1-4pm
(Parking Lot)	Louisville, K1 40212	
Jefferson County	7219 Dixie Hwy	Sat 10am-1pm
Louisville Metro SW Gov. Ctr.	Louisville, KY 40258	Sat Tourie Thur
Jessamine County HD	210 E Walnut St	M 8am-6:30pm
restantine county no	Nicholasville, KY 40356	T-R 8am-4pm
	Thereof arme, Rt 40000	, it out it apin

Location (Alphabetized by County)	Address	Times (MTWRFS
Northern Kentucky HD	1500 James Simpson Jr Way	R 1-4pm
Kenton County (Mobile Unit)	Covington, KY 41011	K 1-4pm
St Elizabeth Healthcare Urgent Care	Covington, K1 41011	
Knott County HD	880 W Main Street	MR 9am-2:30pm
KINGE COUNTY NO	Hindman, Ky 41822	Wik Sain-2.50pin
KY River District	261 Hospital Dr	TR 10am-2pm
Knox County HD	Barbourville, KY 40906	THE ACCOUNT EDITION
LaRue County Health Center	215 E Main St	T 1-4pm
,,	Hodgenville, KY 42748	(effective 06/16/20)
(270) 358-3844 or 769-1601	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(
Laurel County HD	525 Whitley St	R 12-3:30pm
•	London, KY 40741	
KY River District	48 Center St	M-F 8am-4pm
Lee County HD	Beattyville, KY 41311	
KY River District	78 Maple St	TR 9am-2:30pm
Leslie County HD	Hyden, Ky 41749	
KY River District	115 E Main St	W 8-11am
Letcher County HD	Whitesburg, KY 41858	F 1-3:30pm
Lincoln County HD	44 Health Way	MWR 8am-4pm
	Stanford, KY 40484	T 8am-5pm
		F 8am-12:30pm
Madison County HD	1001 Ace Dr	R 1-5pm
	Berea, KY 40403	
Madison County HD	214 Boggs Ln	T 3-7pm
	Richmond, KY 40475	
Magoffin County HD	119 E Mountain Pkwy	MWR 12-3pm
	Salyersville, KY 41465	T 12-5pm
Marian Carrety Health Contac	E46 N Soulding Ave	F 11am-1pm
Marion County Health Center	516 N Spalding Ave Lebanon, KY 40033	W 9am-12pm
Martin County HD	136 Rockcastle Rd	1-4pm MTRF 8:30am-3:30p
marun County No	Inez, KY 41224	W 11:30am-3:30pm
Buffalo Trace District HD	130 E Second St	M-F 8am-4:30pm
Mason County HD	Maysville, KY 41056	Wir dain-4.50pm
Lake Cumberland District HD	119 Medical Ln	W 8am-4pm
McCreary County HD	Whitley, KY 42653	
Mercer County HD	900 N College St	MW 8am-4:30pm
	Harrodsburg, KY 40330	TR 8am-6pm
		F 8am-12:30pm
Muhlenberg County HD	105 Legion Dr	R 2-4pm
•	Muhlenberg, KY 42330	
Nelson County HD	325 S Third St	MRF 9am-12pm,
	Bardstown, KY 40004	1-4pm

Location (Alphabetized by County)	Address	Times (MTWRFS
Owen County Health Center	1005 Highway 22 East	W 1-3pm
*Open Monday-Friday By Appointment: (502) 484-5736	Owenton, KY 40359	MT* 8:30am-4:30pm R* 8:30am-6:30pm F* 8:30am-1pm *By appointment
KY River District Owsley County HD	501 Highway 28 Booneville, KY 41314	M-F 8am-4pm
Pendleton County Health Center	329 KY-330 Falmouth, KY 41040	M-R 1-3:30pm
KY River District	239 Lovern St	MTWF 9am-2pm
Perry County HD	Hazard, KY 41701	
Pike County HD	119 River Dr Pikeville, KY 41501	M 4:30-5pm
Pike County HD - Elkhorn City	301 Hatcher St	W 11am-12pm
(Mobile Unit)	Elkhorn City, KY 41522	
Next to Community Center		
Pike County HD - Phelps	57 Park Rd,	W 2-3pm
(Mobile Unit)	Johnson Bottom	
Next to Freeburn Fire Department	Freeburn, KY 41528	
Powell County HD	376 N Main St Stanton, KY 40380	MR 12-4:30pm
Lake Cumberland District HD	45 Roberts St	M-F 8am-4pm
Pulaski County HD	Somerset, KY 42501	
Buffalo Trace District HD	45 McDowell St	M-F 8am-4:30pm
Robertson County HD	Mt. Olivet, KY 41064	
Rowan County HD	730 W Main St Morehead, KY 40351	T 1-3:30pm
Lake Cumberland District HD	211 Fruit of the Loom Dr	M-F 1-4pm
Russell County HD	Jamestown, KY 42629	
WEDCO District HD	300 E Washington St	M 12:00-4:30pm
Scott County Health Center	Georgetown, KY 40324	
Lake Cumberland District HD	1880 N Bypass Rd	MTRF 1-4pm
Taylor County HD	Campbellsville, KY 42718	
Todd County HD	617 W Main St Elkton, KY 42220	M-F 8am-4pm
Barren River District HD	1109 State St	R 12-4pm
Warren County HD	Bowling Green, KY 42101	110-10-50-10-0-10-
Whitley County HD	368 Penny Ln Williamsburg, KY 40769	F 1:30-3:30pm
KY River District	145 KY-11	M-F 8am-4pm
Wolfe County HD	Campton, KY 40380	en participation de la faction
<b>KY Syringe Services Program</b>	n (SSP) Locations and Ho	urs by County
Location (Alphabetized by County)	Address	Times (MTWRFS
Woodford County HD	229 N Main St	M/T/R 7:30am-4:30g
	Versailles, KY 40383	W 7:30am-6pm
		F 7:30am-12pm



# 54 Kentucky Counties with Increased Vulnerability to Rapid Dissemination of HIV/HCV Infections Among People who Inject Drugs and Preventive Syringe Exchange Programs



NOTE: CDC stresses that this is a REGION-WIDE problem, not just a county-specific problem.

## Fentanyl

Illicit fentanyl and fentanyl analogue produced in foreign clandestine laboratories and trafficked into the Unites States in powder or pill form is primarily responsible for fueling the ongoing opioid crisis, contributing to more than half of all overdose deaths. Fentanyl-laced counterfeit pills continue to be trafficked across the country and remain significant contributors to the rates of overdose deaths observed across the country, including Kentucky.

Inexpensive and potent fentanyl and fentanyl analogs are increasingly pervasive in Kentucky communities — increasing the risks of overdose, and exposure to individuals, families, and law enforcement.

It is easy to understand why that's the case, considering a dose as small as two milligrams — the size of Abraham Lincoln's cheek on a penny — can be fatal.

Fentanyl is also being disguised as legitimate pharmaceuticals as well as mixed with cocaine, heroin and methamphetamine

As authorities cracked down on prescription opioids and then on heroin, the black market offered up fentanyl as a substitute. Fentanyl — a synthetic opioid up to 50 times as strong as heroin and 100 times as strong as morphine — was developed for use as an anesthetic in the sixties. It is currently classified as a Schedule II narcotic, and it is used medicinally in end-of-life care.

US officials believe most of the illicit fentanyl in the US is produced in illegal labs in China. Customs and Border Patrol experts believe fentanyl from these labs flows into the US though three major pipelines — from China to Canada to the US, from China to Mexico to the US, and from China directly to the US. Mexican transnational criminal organizations continue to supply most of the cocaine, methamphetamine, heroin and fentanyl smuggled into the country according to the Drug Enforcement Administration.

Key finding from the Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center K-SURE report:

- Statewide fentanyl and fentanyl analog trafficking citations increased 100.0% from January 2017 through March 2020. Citations related to fentanyl and its related analogs may be underestimated for various reasons.
- Fentanyl- and fentanyl-related analogs are often present in combination with other drug mixtures; however, laboratory testing is often needed to confirm the presence of this substance. Fentanyl- and fentanyl analog-related deaths increased by 19.3% from the beginning of 2017 through March 2020.
- Tested lab submissions positively identifying fentanyl and fentanyl analogs increased by 38.5% from January 2017 through March 2020. KSP Laboratories continue to see several

- different fentanyl derivatives, along with poly-drug mixtures including heroin/fentanyl, cocaine/fentanyl, and methamphetamine/fentanyl.
- Fentanyl and fentanyl analogs are pervasive in Kentucky—increasing the risk of overdose and exposure to individuals, families, communities, and law enforcement.
- Fentanyl- and fentanyl analog-related events increased 35.3% from 2017 through the first quarter of 2020 across Kentucky

# Law Enforcement – Drug Task Forces

Kentucky's law enforcement community continued to perform at a high level during 2019. The Office of Drug Control Policy was instrumental in bringing law enforcement agencies together to share intelligence, resources and collaborate on significant drug investigations.

The Kentucky Justice and Public Safety Cabinet also provides grant funding for 12 multijurisdictional drug task forces. During 2019, standards, model policies and best practices for Drug Task Force operations continued to be evaluated and reviewed and ensure program compliance. The Office of Drug Control Policy in conjunction with the Grant's Management Branch, conducted annual audits and on-site inspections with all grant recipients and ensure program compliance.

Many of Kentucky's Police Departments and Sheriff's Offices conduct drug investigations on a daily basis. Although they may not be part of a formalized drug task force, there is still a great deal of collaboration and cooperation that occurs between federal, state and local agencies. Many local law enforcement agencies have detectives assigned exclusively to formalized drug task forces. This section highlights the agencies and their contributions to drug enforcement.

Kentucky's Drug Task Forces have been instrumental in reducing the manufacturing of methamphetamine in rural and urban areas, reducing the illegal distribution of prescription drugs and the growth and distribution of marijuana.

## Law Enforcement – MethCheck

In 2005 Kentucky and dozens of other states passed laws restricting the sale of products containing pseudoephedrine (PSE), the key ingredient for meth production. These laws closely followed similar legislation enacted in Oklahoma in 2004. States that restricted PSE began seeing immediate declines in meth-lab responses. Those declines, however, were short lived, as meth users and cooks began an activity known as 'smurfing,' a process of purchasing small amounts of PSE at multiple locations.

The National Precursor Log Exchange (NPLEx) is a real-time electronic logging system used by pharmacies and law enforcement to track sales of over-the-counter (OTC) cold and allergy medications containing precursors to the illegal drug, methamphetamine This system has the ability to alert the pharmacist at the point of sale when an individual is attempting to exceed legal product limits.

In 2012, Senate Bill 3 was passed that further limits the amount of over-the counter allergy and cold medication that may be purchased without a prescription.

## How MethCheck / NPLEx helps Kentucky

- Reduces the quantities of allergy or cold medicines containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine that may be purchased without a prescription from 9 grams to 7.2 grams per month.
- Establishes an annual limit of 24 grams of allergy or cold medicine containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine that may be purchased without a prescription, whereas existing law did not specify an annual limit.
- Prohibits individuals under the age of 18 from purchasing any quantity of allergy or cold medicines containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine without a prescription.
- Requires pharmacies to maintain an electronic record-keeping system that will allow the pharmacy to prohibit transactions in excess of the limits established by this bill, and provide the Office of Drug Control with unimpeded access to records for statistical analysis purposes.
- Requires the Office of Drug Control to submit annual statistical reports on the sale of compounds, mixtures, or preparations containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine to the Legislative Research Commission.
- Prohibits individuals convicted of any offense relating to methamphetamine from possessing or attempting to possess medication containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine until 5 years after the following dates:
  - o The date the individual was convicted;
  - o The date the individual was discharged from incarceration; or
  - o The date the individual was released from probation or parole.

In 2020, The Office of Drug Control Policy assisted countless pharmacies and numerous customers.

## Collaborative Partnerships

The Office of Drug Control Policy has established significant working relationships with many governmental and private agencies across the Commonwealth and nationally. The strength of success is found in the quality of the working relationships. Listed below is a sampling of some of the agencies that have collaborated with the ODCP on initiatives:

- The Commonwealth Alliance for Substance Misuse Prevention
- The Advancing Pharmacy Practice Coalition
- Kentucky Harm Reduction Coalition
- UNITE
- Kentucky Pharmacy Educational Research Foundation
- Appalachian Regional Commission
- Kentucky Chamber of Commerce Foundation
- Eastern Kentucky Concentrated Employment Program
- Community Foundations of Louisville
- Kentucky Coalition of Nurse Practitioners & Nurse Midwives
- University of Kentucky
- Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America (CADCA)
- Department of Corrections
- Department of Education
- Department for Medicaid Services
- Department for Public Health
- Department for Behavioral Health, Development and Intellectual Disabilities
- Department of Public Advocacy
- Prosecutors Advisory Council
- Eastern Kentucky University
- Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet
- Governor's Task Force on Campus Safety
- Kentucky All Scheduled Prescription Electronic Reporting (KASPER)
- Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts Drug Courts
- Kentucky Alcoholic Beverage Control
- Kentucky Attorney General's Office
- Kentucky Board of Pharmacy
- Kentucky Broadcasters Association
- Kentucky Department for Public Health
- Kentucky Center for School Safety
- Kentucky County Attorneys Association
- Kentucky Crime Prevention Coalition
- Kentucky Injury Prevention Group
- SPARK Ministries Casey's Law
- Northern KY Hates Heroin- Casey's Law
- Pfizer Foundation

- Kentucky Narcotic Officer's Association
- Kentucky Office of Homeland Security
- Kentucky Pharmacists Association
- Kentucky Prevention Network
- Kentucky Retail Federation
- Kentucky School Boards Association
- Kentucky State Police
- Office of Inspector General in the Cabinet for Health & Family Services
- Office of National Drug Control Policy
- Operation Unlawful Narcotics Investigation, Treatment & Education
- The Partnership for Drug-Free Kids
- People Advocating Recovery
- Regional Organized Crime Information Center (ROCIC)
- Reach of Louisville
- Regional Prevention Centers
- Substance Misuse and Mental Health Services Administration
- SYNAR Inter-Agency Workgroup
- Tobacco Prevention and Cessation Program Strategic Planning Group
- University of Kentucky Center on Drug and Alcohol Research
- University of Kentucky Community Coalition on Underage Drinking
- UNITE Medical Advisory Board
- NADDI (National Association of Drug Diversion Investigators)
- SEOW (State Epidemiology Outcomes Workgroup)
- MHDDAS (Mental Health Developmental Disabilities Addiction Services)
- Kentucky Pharmacy Board PSE Sales
- PIRE (Pacific Institute for Research & Evaluation)
- Kentucky Medical Examiners Officer-Dr. Corey
- Governors Re-entry Task Force committee
- Physician Training sessions Buprenorphine in the office setting
- Penal Code Task Force
- UK Real Time Data Collection Study
- Interstate Prescription Drug Misuse Task Force-KY, OH, WV and TN
- Recovery Kentucky
- Red7e
- HIDTA (High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas)
- KSPAN (Kentucky Safety & Prevention Alignment Network)
- KY Domestic Violence Committee with RX training
- KY League of Cities
- Kentucky Medical Association
- Kentucky Board Nursing Licensure
- American Institute Technology Labs
- Kentucky Workers Compensation
- Drug Enforcement Agency
- Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure

# The Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center (KIPRIC)

The Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center (KIPRC) is a partnership between the Kentucky Department for Public Health and the University of Kentucky's College of Public Health that combines academic investigation with practical public health initiatives. This partnership, grounded in a belief that most injuries are preventable, cultivates a collaborative approach to problem solving.

KIPRC's purpose is to decrease the burden of injury in the Commonwealth through education, policy initiatives, public health programming, surveillance, risk factor analysis, direct interventions, and evaluation. The organization's mission is to increase knowledge and awareness of the injury prevalence in Kentucky, and to impart skills and strategies to reduce this problem and make Kentucky a safer place to call home.

In an effort to combat the opioid overdose epidemic, KIPRC was awarded a three-year, \$23 million grant to collaborate with state, university, and community partners to implement the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Overdose to Action (OD2A) surveillance strategies. The grant allows KIPRC to collect, analyze, and share data with local, state, and federal entities to enhance the development, implementation, and evaluation of evidence-informed, evidence-based, and promising prevention programs to reduce the burden of drug use and overdoses in Kentucky.

Kentucky OD2A prevention strategies include the integration of the state's prescription drug monitoring program (Kentucky All Schedule Prescription Electronic Reporting [KASPER]) data into electronic health records to inform clinical opioid prescribing decision making, integration of state and local prevention and response efforts including support for local health department interventions and provision of community technical assistance, timely linkage to SUD treatment facilities with available openings through FindHelpNowKY.org, establishment of a perinatal quality collaborative to enhance substance use disorder (SUD) prenatal and perinatal care and improve maternal and infant outcomes, partnership with public safety (Kentucky State Police, KSP) on joint public health and safety data sharing and analysis to inform public health interventions and law enforcement interdiction as well as support of the KSP's Angel Initiative, development and evaluation of bystander SUD intervention training targeting young adults, and establishment of a peer-to-peer learning network for other states to strengthen their efforts to rapidly link individuals to SUD treatment facilities with available openings.

Through improved surveillance and targeted evidenced-based and evidence-informed interventions, Kentucky OD2A hopes to impact inappropriate opioid prescribing, opioid misuse and opioid use disorders, patient standard of care, referrals to SUD treatment and sustained recovery, and fatal and nonfatal overdoses, to improve Kentuckians' health outcomes.

## Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy

KY-ASAP has continued to evolve since its placement into the Office of Drug Control Policy in 2004. KY-ASAP continues to embrace and incorporate the philosophy of KY-ODCP to involve the three-pronged approach of prevention, treatment and law enforcement. The Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy is unique in that local boards determine their own needs for their service area. Through a strategic plan and needs assessment, the local boards identify the issues they need to direct their dollars toward concerning tobacco, alcohol, and other drugs as related to misuse.

Local communities continue to be required to complete a community needs and resource assessment as well as develop a strategic plan and assist in coordinating the local response to alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs before they receive KY-ASAP local board designation. Although, KY-ODCP has limited resources to support our local boards, with currently has less than two full-time positions<sup>2</sup>, our strong collaboration with Regional Prevention Centers provide technical assistance to both newly forming as well as existing local KY-ASAP boards. Furthermore, newly designated local boards now receive only \$20,000 upon completion of their needs & resource assessment and strategic planning documents.

KY-ASAP Local Boards now exist in 119 of Kentucky's 120 counties and is currently being used in many of these communities as the primary component of a comprehensive drug education/prevention, harm reduction, treatment, and law enforcement programs. Within the three-pronged approach, there are several intervention programs that have been proven to be effective and are available to schools, families and communities.

Local KY-ASAP boards are effective in their individual communities because these boards are comprised of the key stakeholders in the communities. Through these stakeholders, a unique and varied perspective can be brought to the discussion table thus allowing a holistic approach to a local board's ability to reach its entire community demographic. These stakeholders include individuals from the following sectors:

School Superintendent Faith Based Community Judicial System Law Enforcement Media Health Care Mental Health Center Judge Executive University/College Health Department Family Resource Center **Business** Groups in ATOD Prevention Groups in ATOD Treatment **DCBS** Leaders in ATOD Prevention

Additionally, local boards may choose to add other community members to its membership roster. These additional members include parents, students, or other community members.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>staffing levels at ODCP and KY-ASAP decreased from as high as 14 to 3 today

The local KY-ASAP boards, through its community partners, engage in a variety of policy and programming initiatives; examples of these include:

100% Tobacco Free Policy

Beth's Blessings Community Coalitions

Curriculum

DEA National Take Back Days Drug Court Staffing Training

DUI Checkpoints
Educational Meetings
GOALS Curriculum
HOT Conference
Juvenile Drug Court
Ladies Like Us Curriculum
Law Enforcement AlcoBlow Kits

Law Enforcement Alcobiow Kits

Law Enforcement Crisis Intervention

Law Enforcement Overtime

Leveraging Other Funding
Messaging/Marketing Campaign

Nicotine Replacement Therapy

**Project Graduation** 

Protective Factor Building Recovery Month Activities

Responsible Beverage Server Training

**Smoking Cessation Classes** 

Social Host Policy

Teens Against Tobacco Use (TATU)
Treatment Transportation

**Underage Drinking Campaigns** 

Youth Coalitions

Attitudes & Behavioral Surveys

Chad's Hope ATOD Assemblies Curricula Facilitation

Drug Court Drug Testing

Educational Materials Family Learning Nights

Health Fairs

Indoor Smoking Ordinances
Keep a Clear Mind Curriculum
Law Enforcement K-9 Unit Support
Law Enforcement Breathalyzer
Law Enforcement Equipment
Law Enforcement Training
Life Skills Curriculum

Naloxone Distribution

Permanent Prescription Disposal

Project Prom

Random Student Drug Testing Policy

Red Ribbon Week School Resource Officer Smoke-Free Coalitions

**Synthetics Educational Trainings** 

TEG/TAP Programs
Treatment Vouchers

UNITE Clubs

Youth PSA Contests

The Commonwealth is very fortunate to have local KY-ASAP boards that are extremely dedicated and offer innovative and creative approaches to attacking the tobacco, alcohol and other drug challenges in their communities. These local boards have a unique ability to find community collaborations that allow them to blend and braid various funding sources to provide the best practical solutions to the challenges they face throughout their communities. Through these community collaborations, local KY-ASAP boards are able to combine KY-ASAP funding with other funding to accomplish more in all communities across the Commonwealth.

Local Boards continue to take advantage of the many collaborative opportunities and outreach responsibilities it has to share the mission regarding prevention, treatment and law enforcement. Boards are always looking for a "teachable moment" with communication and collaboration to be successful.

KY-ASAP will continue to work toward significant goals that will strengthen our position to fight drugs in our communities through innovative partnerships, technology, and leadership.

In conclusion, the KY Office of Drug Control Policy/Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy cannot stress enough that the local boards are dedicated, effective, valuable, but most of all, successful. They are an excellent local community tool and much needed component in educating, preventing, treating and enforcing substance misuse as part of a comprehensive prevention program.

Local boards are currently and have been involved in the following activities:

- Permanent Prescription Drug Disposal Locations
- Naloxone Distribution in the Community
- Supporting Tobacco Cessation programs
- Contracting with local school districts to provide evidence-based prevention programs in schools
- Hosting regional youth summits which focused on tobacco, substance misuse and underage drinking issues
- Investing in Drug Courts for adults and juveniles
- Providing Meth Awareness Trainings for community members
- Payment assistant for treatment services
- Support of School Resource Officers
- Providing financial support to law enforcement for prevention efforts
- Addressing substance misuse policies at all levels
- Media Ads with alcohol, tobacco and other substance facts (locally, statewide, & nationally)
- Student generated Public Service Announcements concerning Substance Misuse issues
- Supported community events such as Red Ribbon Week, Project Prom, Project Graduation,
   We Card, and Great American Ghost Out
- Collaborated with school districts and health departments to change smoking and drug policies at schools and provided financial support for programs such as Tobacco Education Groups/Tobacco Awareness Program (TEG/TAP), Teens Against Tobacco and Genesis Express
- Hosted Town Hall meetings to build awareness
- Preparing for community and school policy changes such as smoking ordinances, social host ordinances and random student drug testing
- Conducting adult and student surveys to assess the needs of their communities

Local KY-ASAP Boards utilize the KIP (Kentucky Incentives for Prevention) survey, among others, to collect their baseline data. The survey is conducted bi-annually in the fall in even-numbered years, with 6<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, and 12<sup>th</sup> graders attending school in most Kentucky counties. To learn more about the KIP Survey and view the latest drug trends among youth in Kentucky visit the Reach of Louisville website at: http://www.reachoflouisville.com.



## MIKE HARMON AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

Van Ingram, Executive Director Office of Drug Control Policy 125 Holmes Street Frankfort, KY 40601

Eric Friedlander, Secretary Cabinet for Health and Family Services 275 East Main Street, 5W-A Frankfort, KY 40601

Dr. Aaron Thompson, President Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education 1024 Capital Center Drive, Suite 320 Frankfort, KY 40601

## Independent Accountant's Report

We have reviewed the expenditures of the Kentucky Health Care Improvement Fund from July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019. The Office of Drug Control Policy (ODCP), the Cabinet for Health and Family Services (CHFS), and the Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education (CPE) are responsible for ensuring expenditures reported within the Kentucky Health Care Improvement Fund are complete and accurate. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the expenditures reported within the Kentucky Health Care Improvement Fund based on our review.

Our review was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the review to obtain limited assurance about whether any material modifications should be made to the expenditures reported within the Kentucky Health Care Improvement Fund. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the expenditures reported within the Kentucky Health Care Improvement Fund are complete and accurate, in all material respects, in order to express an opinion. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. We believe our review provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the expenditures, as recorded in the enhanced Management Administrative Reporting System (eMARS) by ODCP, CHFS, or CPE for the year ended June 30, 2019, in order for them to be complete and accurately reported within the Kentucky Health Care Improvement Fund.

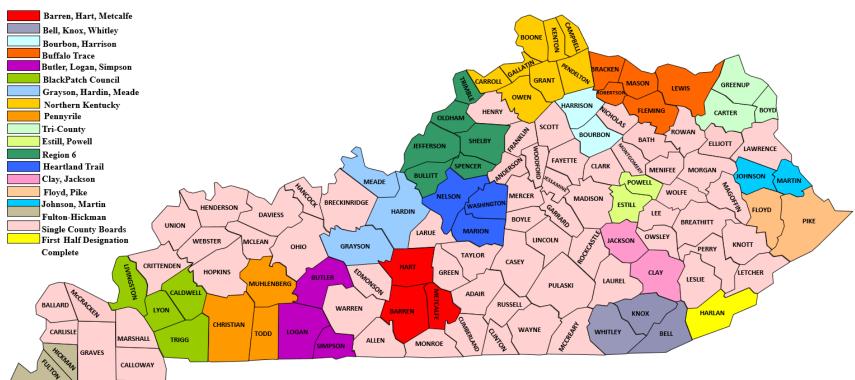
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## Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy

81 Local Boards in 120 Counties (17 multi-county & 64 single county) includes Harlan County in process of receiving full board designation



Updated: 02-10-2020

## **KY-ASAP: State Board Members**

## Tim Cesario, Chairman

Cumberland River Behavioral Health – Director Substance Abuse Services Private Community Based Organization

## **Justice Mary Noble**

Secretary, Justice & Public Safety Cabinet

Dana Nickles, Director	Shannon Black Baker
KY Public Health Association	American Lung Association
Designee: None	Designee: None
Steve Shannon	Shane Britt
KY Association of Regional Programs	Local Tobacco Addiction, Subs. Abuse Bd.
Designee: None	Designee: None
Justice Mary Noble, Secretary	Dr. Steven Stack, Commissioner
Justice & Public Safety Cabinet	Department for Public Health
Designee: Van Ingram	Designee: James House
Allyson Taylor, Commissioner	Shelley Elswick
Alcoholic Beverage Control	Private Community-Based Organization
Designee: David Wilkerson	Designee: Marysha Brown
Laurie Dudgeon, Director	Charles Kendell
Administrative Office of the Courts	Local Tobacco Addiction, Subs. Abuse Board
Designee: Elizabeth Nichols	Designee: None
<u>Tim Cesario</u>	Vacant
Private Community-based Organizations	Kentucky Cancer Society
Designee: Tony Landrum	Designee: None
Megan Nicodemus	Shannon Smith
KY Family Resource Youth Services Coalition	American Heart Association
Designee: T.C. Johnson	Designee: David Sloane
Eric Friedlander, Secretary	Patti Clark
Cabinet for Health & Family Services	Division for Behavioral Health, Dept. of Behavioral
Designee: Maggie Schroeder	Health, Developmental & Intellectual Disabilities
	Designee: Shelly Steiner
Jason Glass, Commissioner	
Department of Education	
Designee: Doug Roberts	UPDATED 02/2021

## **KY-ASAP State Boards** (81 boards in 120 counties) 1 Adair County Local KY-ASAP Board 2 Allen County Local KY-ASAP Board 3 Anderson County Local KY-ASAP Board 4 Ballard County Local KY-ASAP Board 5 Barren-Hart-Metcalfe Local KY-ASAP Board (BHM) 6 Bath County Local KY-ASAP Board 7 Bell-Knox-Whitley Local KY-ASAP Board (BKW) 8 Black Patch Council Local KY-ASAP Board (Livingston, Lyon, Caldwell, Trigg) 9 Bourbon/Harrison Local KY-ASAP Board 10 Boyle County Local KY-ASAP Board 11 Breathitt County Local KY-ASAP Board 12 Breckinridge County Local KY-ASAP Board 13 Buffalo Trace Local KY-ASAP Board 14 Butler-Logan-Simpson Local KY-ASAP Board (BLS) 15 Calloway County Local KY-ASAP Board 16 Carlisle County Local KY-ASAP Board 17 Casey County Local KY-ASAP Board 18 Central KY Local KY-ASAP Board 19 Clark County Local KY-ASAP Board 20 Clay-Jackson Local KY-ASAP Board 21 Clinton County Local KY-ASAP Board 22 Crittenden County Local KY-ASAP Board 23 Cumberland County Local KY-ASAP Board 24 Daviess County Local KY-ASAP Board 25 Edmonson County Local KY-ASAP Board 26 Elliott County Local KY-ASAP Board 27 Estill-Powell Local KY-ASAP Board 28 Fayette County Local KY-ASAP Board 29 Floyd-Pike Local KY-ASAP Board 30 Franklin County Local KY-ASAP Board 31 Fulton-Hickman County Local KY-ASAP Board 32 Garrard County Local KY-ASAP Board 33 Graves County Local KY-ASAP Board

	KY-ASAP State Boards (81 boards in 120 counties)
34	Grayson-Meade-Hardin Local KY-ASAP Board
35	Green County Local KY-ASAP Board
36	Harlan County Local KY-ASAP Board (1st half designation complete)
37	Hancock County Local KY-ASAP Board
38	Heartland Trail Local KY-ASAP Board
39	Henderson County Local KY-ASAP Board
40	Henry County Local KY-ASAP Board
41	Hopkins County Local KY-ASAP Board
42	Jessamine County Local KY-ASAP Board
43	Johnson-Martin Local KY-ASAP Board
44	Knott County Local KY-ASAP Board
45	LaRue County Local KY-ASAP Board
46	Laurel County Local KY-ASAP Board
47	Lawrence County Local KY-ASAP Board
48	Lee County Local KY-ASAP Board
49	Leslie County Local KY-ASAP Board
50	Letcher County Local KY-ASAP Board
51	Lincoln County Local KY-ASAP Board
52	Madison County Local KY-ASAP Board
53	Magoffin County Local KY-ASAP Board
54	Marshall County Local KY-ASAP Board
55	McCracken County Local KY-ASAP Board
56	McCreary County Local KY-ASAP Board
57	McLean County Local KY-ASAP Board
58	Menifee County Local KY-ASAP Board
59	Mercer County Local KY-ASAP Board
60	Monroe County Local KY-ASAP Board
61	Montgomery County Local KY-ASAP Board
62	Morgan County Local KY-ASAP Board
63	Nicholas County Local KY-ASAP Board
64	Northern KY Local KY-ASAP Board (Carroll, Gallatin, Boone, Kenton, Campbell, Pendleton, Grant, Owen)
65	Ohio County Local KY-ASAP Board

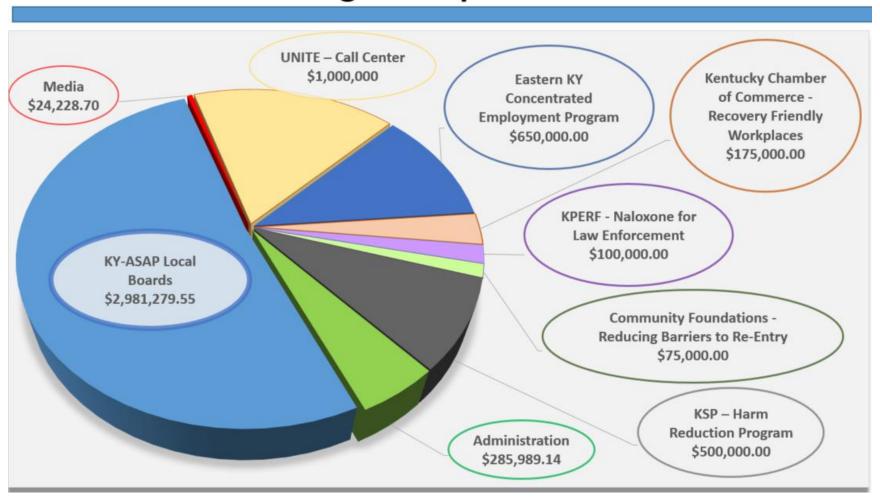
KY-ASAP State Boards (81 boards in 120 counties)		
66	Owsley County Local KY-ASAP Board	
67	Pennyrile Local KY-ASAP Board (Todd, Christian, Muhlenberg)	
68	Perry County Local KY-ASAP Board	
69	Pulaski County Local KY-ASAP Board	
70	Region 6 Local KY-ASAP Board (Trimble, Oldham, Jefferson, Bullitt, Spencer, Shelby)	
71	Rockcastle County Local KY-ASAP Board	
72	Rowan County Local KY-ASAP Board	
73	Russell County Local KY-ASAP Board	
74	Scott County Local KY-ASAP Board	
75	Tri-County Local KY-ASAP Board (Carter, Greenup, Boyd)	
76	Union County Local KY-ASAP Board	
77	Warren County Local KY-ASAP Board	
78	Wayne County Local KY-ASAP Board	
79	Webster County Local KY-ASAP Board	
80	Wolfe County Local KY-ASAP Board	
81	Woodford County Local KY-ASAP Board	

## Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy Program Expenditure Summary SFY2020 July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020

## (Tobacco Fund – 65AH)

KENTUCKY AGENCY FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE POLICY SFY2020 Budget				
Description	Amount			
2020 Allocation	\$7,362,799.97			
2019 Carryover	\$4,616,890.63			
2020 Reduction (tobacco receipt shortfall)	\$460,638.04			
SFY2020 BUDGET	\$11,519,052.56			
Salary & Fringe	\$242,989.75			
Local Boards (Regular Awards - \$25,000 per county)	\$2,937,500.00			
Local Boards (Harm Reduction)	\$23,779.55			
New Boards (Elliott County)	\$20,000			
State Board Meetings	\$202.80			
Travel	\$14,163.34			
Auditor/COT/EMARS/AGATE/Copier	\$22,561.56			
Supplies	\$1,039.31			
Trainings	\$5,032.38			
Media	\$24,228.70			
UNITE – Call Center	\$1,000,000			
Eastern KY Concentrated Employment Program - Recovery & Support Specialists	\$650,000.00			
Kentucky Chamber of Commerce - Recovery Friendly Workplaces	\$175,000.00			
Naloxone for Law Enforcement – Kentucky Pharmacy Education & Research Foundation (KPERF)	\$100,000.00			
Community Foundations - Reducing Barriers to Re-Entry	\$75,000.00			
KSP – Harm Reduction Program	\$500,000.00			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$5,791,497.39			
BALANCE	\$5,727.555.17			

## **KY-ASAP SFY2020 Program Expenditures**



## Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement - \$11,979,690.57

## • \$2,970,000 – KY-ASAP Local Boards (traditional awards & new boards)

Funds from ODCP to Local KY-ASAP boards to operate prevention, treatment & enforcement projects and programs

## • \$526,500 – KY-ASAP Local Boards – Harm Reduction Awards

Funds from ODCP to local KY-ASAP Board to operate prevention, enforcement and treatment programs specifically related to Opioids

## • \$650,000 – EKCEP - Recovery & Support Specialists

Funds from ODCP to Eastern Kentucky Concentrated Employment Program (EKCEP) to increase access to and retention of employment for persons in recovery from Substance Use Disorders as well as those with associated mental health issues seeking (re)employment and job training.

Strategic Initiative for Transitional Employment (SITE) is an initiative of the Eastern Kentucky Concentrated Employment Program (EKCEP), Inc. and funded by the Kentucky Opioid Response Effort (KORE), SITE provides valuable career, training, and supportive services while actively cultivating second-chance job opportunities. EKCEP is staff to the Eastern Kentucky Workforce Innovation Board and administers workforce development programs in a 23-county region of Appalachia Kentucky. One of EKCEP's primary goals with the statewide SITE program is to prove an effective recovery employment model for a sector of Kentucky's reentry population with histories of substance use. Combining EKCEP's array of workforce services with Job Entry and Retention Support Specialists, who work directly with individuals during their efforts to reenter the workforce, and Success Coaches, who assist individuals as they maintain employment while continuing their recovery. Support can range from connection with local transformational employers willing to hire individuals with histories of substance use to supportive services that assist with issues such as transportation or childcare.

							YR 2	CUMULATIVE
SITE PROGRAM TOTAL	YR 1 TOTAL	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	TOTAL	TOTAL
Number of new clients served								
*	1546	155	178	215	212	252	1012	2558
Total clients served								
(duplicate)**	1094	280	260	269	218	295	1322	2416
Number of referrals received	1134	127	131	118	118	119	613	1747
Number of referrals given	735	104	100	106	117	90	517	1252
Number of clients who obtained employment	472	66	55	59	63	56	299	771
Number of clients employed for 3 months	517	82	96	124	127	135	564	1081
Number of clients employed for 6 months	424	113	73	82	97	122	487	911
Number of Employer Contacts	1767	156	185	163	153	166	823	2590
Number for ERN	107	21	26	8	17	13	85	192
Number of Community Contacts	2335	333	347	279	339	352	1650	3985
Number of trainings attended	531	67	65	67	76	75	350	881
Number of trainings/presentations provided By JERSS/Coaches	164	15	17	22	24	32	110	274

## • \$500,000 – UNITE Call Center – 2018/2019

Funds from ODCP to Operation UNITE to operate a screening and statewide referral service

## • \$500,000 – UNITE Call Center – 2019/2020

Funds from ODCP to Operation UNITE to operate a screening and statewide referral service

## • \$175,000 –Kentucky Chamber of Commerce – Recovery Friendly Workplaces

Funds from ODCP to Kentucky Chamber Foundation to address destigmatizing the addiction epidemic and support employers' role in Opioid prevention, treatment and recovery in the workplace, business engagement and opioid use, prevention and response

## • \$100,000 – KPERF – Naloxone for Law Enforcement

Funds from ODCP to Kentucky Pharmacy Educational Research Foundation (KPERF) to purchase, provide and train law enforcement agencies for Naloxone

## • \$75,000 – Community Foundations – Reducing Barriers to Reentry

Funds from ODCP to Community Foundations of Louisville to connect justice involved individuals to supports and opportunities that will re-direct them into productive lives by bringing system decision makers together with users and providers of services and supports to improve outcomes and remove barriers to successful re-entry.

## • \$500,000 – KSP – Harm Reduction Projects continuing

Funds from ODCP to Kentucky State Police to enhance interdiction and prevention efforts

## • \$16,228.70 – Red7e – Media Production

Hello Recovery – Goodbye Addiction - Targeted media campaign for Greenup, Carter & Boyd Counties

## • \$8,000 – The National Center on Addiction and Substance Abuse

Statewide PSA campaign to bring professionally produced localized award-winning media messages to supportive media along with tracking data

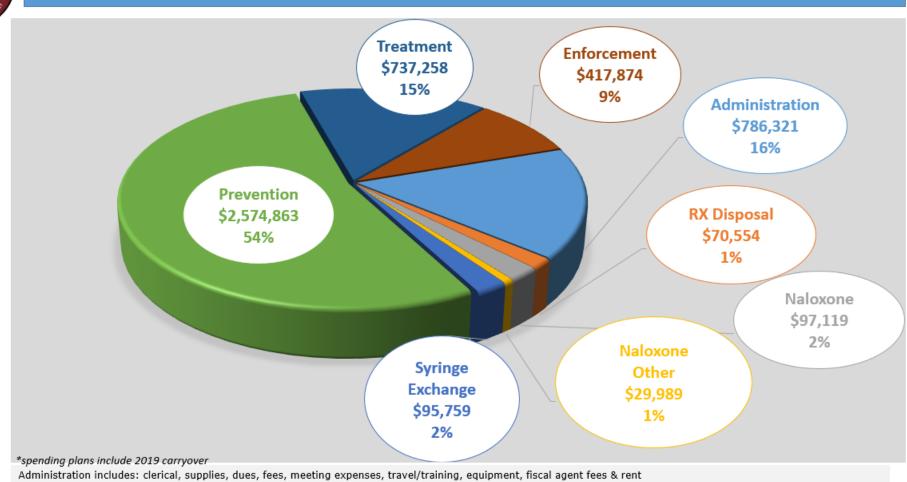
KY-ASAP LOCAL BOARDS				
SFY2020 TRADITIONAL FUNDING				
Board	Award Amount			
Adair County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Allen County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Anderson County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Ballard County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Barren Hart Metcalfe Local KY-ASAP Board (BHM)	\$75,000.00			
Bath County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Bell Knox Whitley Local KY-ASAP Board (BKW)	\$75,000.00			
Black Patch Council (BPC) Local KY-ASAP Board	\$100,000.00			
Bourbon/Harrison Local KY-ASAP Board	\$50,000.00			
Boyle County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Breathitt County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Breckinridge County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Buffalo Trace Local KY-ASAP Board	\$125,000.00			
Butler Logan Simpson Local KY-ASAP Board (BLS)	\$75,000.00			
Calloway County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Carlisle County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Casey County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Central KY Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Clark County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Clay/Jackson Local KY-ASAP Board	\$50,000.00			
Clinton County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Crittenden County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Cumberland County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Daviess County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Edmonson County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Estill/Powell Local KY-ASAP Board	\$50,000.00			
Fayette County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Floyd/Pike Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			
Franklin County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00			

KY-ASAP LOCAL BOARDS			
SFY2020 TRADITIONAL FUNDING Board	Award Amount		
Fulton-Hickman Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Garrard County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Graves County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Grayson Meade Hardin Local KY-ASAP Board (GMH)	\$75,000.00		
Green County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Hancock County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Harlan County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$0.00		
Heartland Trail Local KY-ASAP Board	\$75,000.00		
Henderson County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Henry County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Hopkins County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Jessamine County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Johnson/Martin Local KY-ASAP Board	\$50,000.00		
Knott County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
LaRue County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Laurel County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Lawrence County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Lee County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Leslie County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Letcher County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Lincoln County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Madison County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Magoffin County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Marshall County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
McCracken County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
McCreary County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
McLean County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Menifee County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Mercer County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Monroe County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Montgomery County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Morgan County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Nicholas County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		

KY-ASAP LOCAL BOARDS SFY2020 TRADITIONAL FUNDING			
Board	Award Amount		
Northern KY Local KY-ASAP Board	\$200,000.00		
Ohio County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Owsley County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Pennyrile Local KY-ASAP Board	\$75,000.00		
Perry County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Pulaski County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Region 6 Local KY-ASAP Board	\$150,000.00		
Rockcastle County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$26,000.00		
Rowan County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$26,000.00		
Russell County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Scott County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Tri-County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$75,000.00		
Union County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Warren County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Wayne County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Webster County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Wolfe County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
Woodford County Local KY-ASAP Board	\$25,000.00		
	\$2,975,000.00		

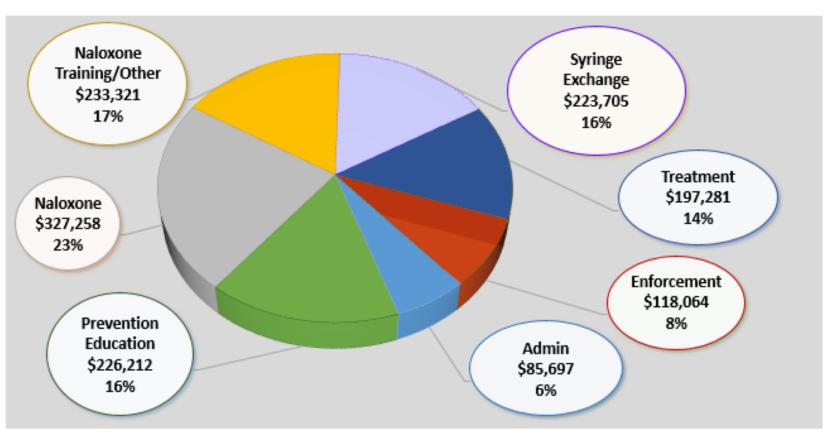


## **KY-ASAP Local Boards Spending Plans**





## **KY-ASAP Local Boards Harm Reduction Spending Plans**

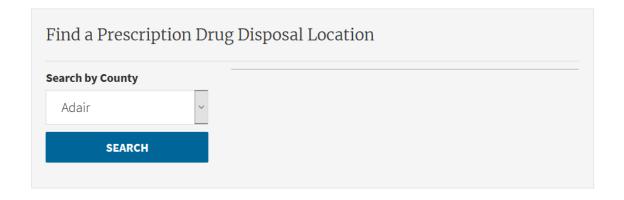


## **KY-ASAP: Prescription Drug Disposal**

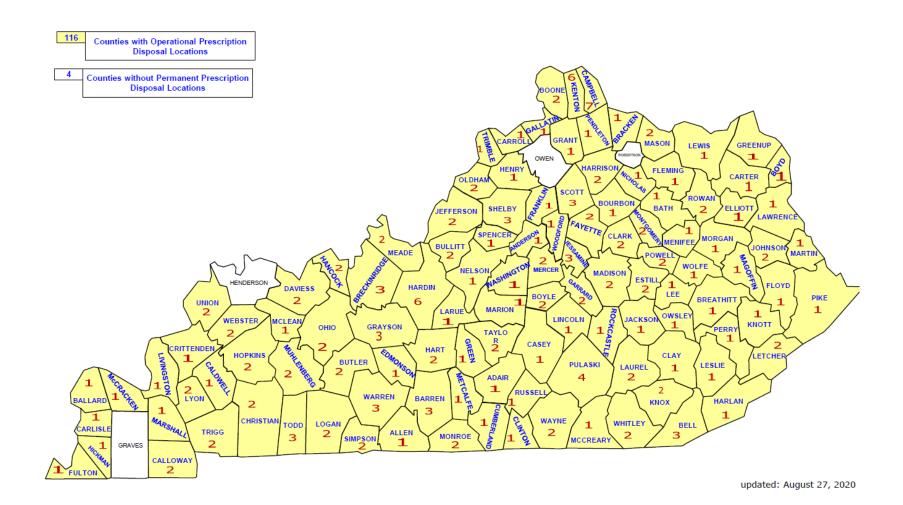
Unused or expired prescription medications are a public safety issue, leading to potential accidental poisoning, misuse, and overdoses. Proper disposal of unused drugs saves lives and protects the environment.

Understanding the necessity for Kentuckians to have a safe, convenient, and responsible means of disposing prescription drugs, in 2011 the Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy created and published a statewide directory identifying prescription drug disposal locations. At its inception, the directory identified 69 locations in 42 Kentucky counties. The directory makes it easier for citizens of the Commonwealth to dispose of their expired or unwanted medications, both prescription and over-the-counter. Prescription drop boxes are available across Kentucky in conjunction with law enforcement agencies and major chain retail pharmacies, and many independent pharmacies. Currently, with sites added daily.

## **Collection Site Locator:**



# Kentucky Permanent Prescription Drug Disposal Locations 193 locations in 116 counties



58





# NATIONAL TAKE-BACK INITIATIVES October 24, 2020 10:00 am - 2:00 pm

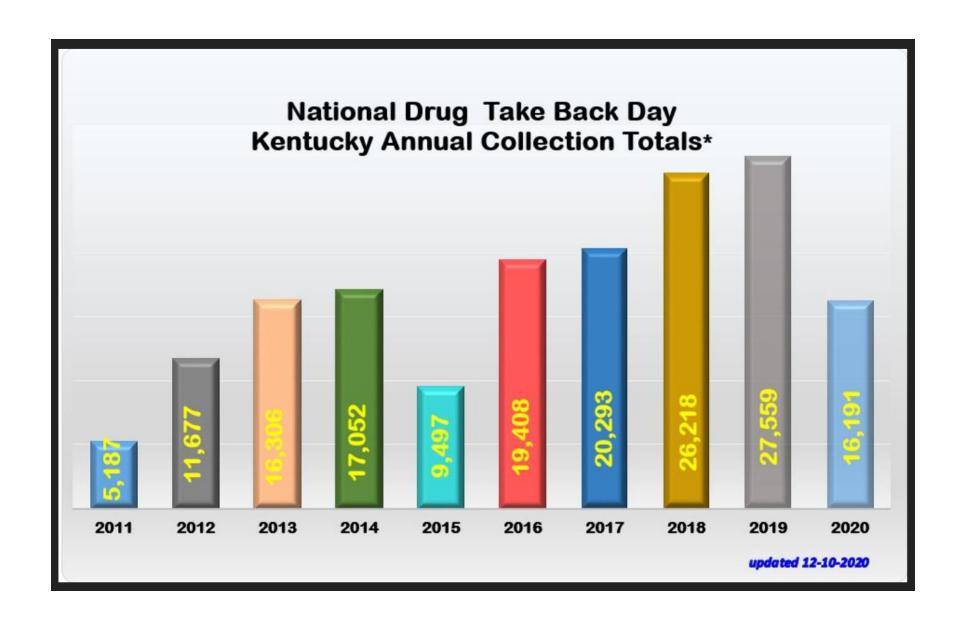
Opioid misuse in the United States remains a critical public health concern.

National Prescription Drug Take Back Day allows consumers a safe, convenient, and responsible way to dispose of unused or expired prescription drugs at locations in communities throughout the country.

The majority of misused prescription drugs were obtained from family and friends, often from the home medicine cabinet.

In Kentucky, 56 law enforcement agencies participated at 50 collection sites and collected 16,161 pounds of unused, unwanted, and expired prescription drugs. In all, Kentucky has collected a total of 179,228 pounds of unused and/or unwanted prescription medications at all Drug Take-Back vents and locations since October 2011.

To make it easier for citizens of the Commonwealth to dispose of their expired or unwanted medications, both prescription and over-the-counter, prescription drop boxes are available across Kentucky. There are now 198 locations in 116 counties, with sites added daily. Citizens can search by county for the closest to them by visiting the Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy website at <a href="https://odcp.ky.gov/Pages/Prescription-Drug-Disposal-Locations.aspx">https://odcp.ky.gov/Pages/Prescription-Drug-Disposal-Locations.aspx</a>





As the fentanyl/heroin epidemic rages on with other deadly opioids sneaking into the supply, we want to link more people to the medication that can reverse an overdose.

The Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy – Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy launched the website <u>KyStopOverdoses.ky.gov</u> to allow people to search for pharmacies that carry naloxone by city, county, or Zip code. The site also allows users to locate syringe exchange locations on the searchable database and map, along with hours of operation.

The drug naloxone, also known by its brand name Narcan, blocks the effects of fentanyl/heroin and opioids to the brain. However, the drug can also pull someone who is overdosing into immediate withdrawal and restore a normal pattern of breathing.

The website also serves as an information portal as well. Visitors can get information on how to recognize and react to an overdose, how Kentucky's Casey's Law can help parents petition the court to get treatment for an unwilling loved one and how Kentucky's Good Samaritan law works to protect people from prosecution when they report a drug overdose.

The Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy- Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy collaborated with the Advancing Pharmacy Practice in Kentucky Coalition, and the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy to develop the website.

The map includes more than 619 pharmacies and updated frequently as new pharmacies are added.

## KY-ASAP: Drug-Free Communities Support Program

Preventing youth substance use is critical to ending the drug crisis in America. The Drug-Free Communities (DFC) Support Program is the nation's leading effort to mobilize communities to prevent and reduce substance abuse among youth. Created in 1997 by the Drug-Free Communities Act, administered by the White House Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP), and now managed by CDC, the DFC Program provides grants to community coalitions to strengthen the infrastructure among local partners to create and sustain a reduction in local youth substance use.

The Drug Free Communities Coalitions is a \$101 million grant program that establishes and strengthens collaboration among various sectors of a community working to prevent youth substance use. Drug-Free Communities are programs that work to reduce youth substance use rates in communities across the country.

DFC Coalitions are made up of community leaders representing twelve sectors that organize to meet the local prevention needs of the youth and families in their communities. These twelve sectors are youth, parents, businesses, media, school, youth serving organizations, law enforcement, religious/fraternal organizations, civic and volunteer organizations, healthcare professionals, state, local, and tribal governments, other organizations involved in reducing illicit substance use.

In addition, Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act (CARA) Local Drug Crisis grants are funded at \$4 million to enhance DFC efforts by creating sustainable community-level change to prevent and reduce the use of illicit opioids or methamphetamines and the misuse of prescription medications among youth.

Currently, ONDCP funds more than 700 community coalitions across the country in all 50 states. DFC grant recipients are awarded up to \$125,000 per year.

## FY 2020 Kentucky New Drug-Free Communities Grantees

E3C Drug Free – Erlanger
Central Louisville Coalition – Louisville
Champions for a Drug-Free Muhlenberg County – Greenville
Shawnee Transformation Youth Coalition – Louisville
Butler County Drug Free Communities – Morgantown
Campbell County Drug-Free Alliance – Cold Spring

Graves County Agency for Substance Abuse Prevention Community Support Program - Mayfield Spencer County Community Action Network – Taylorsville

## KY-ASAP: Partnership for a Drug-Free Kentucky

Beginning January 2008 the Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy (KY-ODCP) became an Affiliate/Alliance member with the Partnership for a Drug-Free America.

The Office of Drug Control Policy, as a Communication Partner (formally Local Alliance), in collaboration with the Partnership for a Drug-Free Kids, continues its statewide PSA campaign to bring professionally produced localized award-winning media messages to supportive media along with tracking data that lets us know the frequency and value of the donated media in your community.

The tremendous benefits that we receive from the Partnership allow us to counter all negative messages with positive prevention strategies. This is an excellent opportunity for a positive story on another initiative KY-ASAP & the KY-ODCP is doing to support the reduction of youth & adult substance use.

Addiction is the single greatest preventable illness in the country, and like other diseases, it affects not just the person with the illness but also family and friends. Ninety percent of addictions get started in their teenage years. Parents are more pressed for time than ever, and in addition to finding the time to talk with their children about the health risks of drugs and alcohol, they tell us they need new information, tools, support and help on what to say and do.

Because our mission is to serve as a leader and catalyst for improving the health and safety of all Kentuckians by promoting strategic approaches and collaboration to reduce drug use and related crime this is a perfect opportunity for the KY-ODCP and KY-ASAP to collaborate and be a part of such an important and proactive issue.

KY-ODCP and KY-ASAP continues to take advantage of the many collaborative opportunities and outreach responsibilities it has to share our mission regarding prevention, treatment, and law enforcement. It is necessary for us to be able to disseminate that information statewide.

KY-ODCP collaborates with the local KY-ASAP boards across the Commonwealth to assist us in the distribution of the powerful PSA's to insure the message is disseminated across Kentucky.

## **Treatment**

## **KY HELP Call Center:**

The Kentucky Justice and Public Safety Cabinet and Operation UNITE are launched a new substance misuse call center that will connect people across the state with drug treatment.

Kentuckians struggling with a substance use disorder, either themselves or within their families, can call <u>1-833-8KY-HELP (1-833-859-4357)</u> toll-free to speak with a specialist about treatment options and available resources. The specialist will conduct a brief screening assessment in order to connect callers with the most

Options will include everything from medication-assisted treatment to faith based care, and a live specialist will help callers work through all the variables, such as location and cost.

Callers can speak to a specialist from 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. (EST), Monday through Friday. During non-business hours, callers may leave a message and the call center staff will get back in touch with them.

Operation UNITE already fields about 1,000 inquiries each month from desperate residents seeking help with a substance use disorder. The new <u>KY HELP Call Center</u> will provide referrals across the state to both public and private treatment providers.

## Casey's Law:

The Matthew Casey Wethington Act for Substance Misuse Intervention is named for Matthew Casey Wethington, who died in 2002 from a heroin overdose at the age of 23. Casey was an energetic young man who enjoyed life until it was "taken" by drugs. Casey never intended to become addicted to drugs when he used the first time. What he did not realize was that his using would progress from abusing to dependence and then to the disease of addiction. Although his parents tried to get him help, there was no law that could force someone into treatment because he was an adult. After Casey's death his parents lobbied for a change. "Casey's Law" passed on April 9, 2004, and took effect July 13, 2004.

The act provides a means of intervening with someone who is unable to recognize his or her need for treatment due to their impairment. This law will allow parents, relatives and/or friends to petition the court for treatment on behalf of the substance misuse-impaired person.

Denial and distorted thinking impedes a person's ability to make a rational decision. The "bottom" for many is death. Addiction is a progressive, life-threatening disease. The best hope of survival for a person who is substance misuse impaired is intervention. Studies show that involuntary treatment can be just as successful as voluntary treatment. Most individuals who are substance misuse-impaired receive court-ordered treatment only after they have become arrested for a crime while under the influence of a substance. Drugs and crime often go hand-in-hand because people who are substance misuse impaired are forced by their disease to resort to any means necessary to procure their drug. Court-ordered treatment can be effective regardless of who initiates it. Not all people who are substance misuse impaired are arrested or, in the event that they are, may not receive the necessary treatment.

The following steps must be taken in order to involuntarily commit someone to treatment:

- Obtain a copy of the petition from the District Court clerk's office by requesting Form 700A – the Verified Petition for Involuntary Treatment of Alcohol/Drug Misuse – or <u>click</u> here to download.
- A spouse, relative, friend or guardian of the substance misuse-impaired person completes the petition and files it with the District Court clerk.
- The court reviews the allegations in the petition and examines the petitioner under oath.
- The court determines whether there is probable cause to order treatment for the person named in the petition (the respondent).
- If probable cause is established a judge appoints an attorney to represent the respondent, order the respondent to be evaluated, and schedule a hearing within 14 days.
- The respondent is notified of the date and purpose of the hearing.
- The respondent is evaluated by two qualified health professionals, at least one of whom is a physician, to determine if the respondent could benefit from treatment.
- If the judge finds the respondent should undergo treatment, the court shall order treatment from 60 days up to 360 days, depending upon the request in the petition and the result of the evaluation. Treatment options vary depending upon each individual's circumstances and can range from detoxification to intensive treatment through recovery.

As the law is currently written the petitioner is obligated to pay all costs incurred in the process as well as for the court-ordered treatment. The petitioner must sign a guaranty for payment.

## The Angel Initiative:

The Angel Initiative is a program started by the Kentucky State Police in 2016 with one goal: save lives. Walk in. Ask for help.

The Angel Initiative is a pro-active approach offering an alternative escape to those battling addiction. Under this initiative, anyone battling addiction can come to ANY KSP post and get help finding a treatment center. No questions asked.

To date, KSP has helped to place countless individuals, who asked for help, in treatment. We will continue to pursue and prosecute those trafficking drugs and feeding the addiction epidemic. But if you find yourself needing help to escape the grip of addiction, this program is the help you need.

Just show up at any of the 16 KSP posts across the Commonwealth. You can even call in ahead of time to schedule a meeting.

An "Angel" at the post will meet you and will connect you with one of the many nearby treatment centers with health professionals that are experts in helping



## Find Help Now:



A new website will provide a vital link for Kentucky health care providers, court officials, families and individuals seeking options for substance misuse treatment and recovery. "Find Help Now KY" (www.findhelpnowky.org) will deliver real-time information about available space in substance use disorder treatment program, and guide users to the right type of treatment for their needs.

The website is a project of the <u>Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center (KIPRC)</u> at the <u>University of Kentucky College of Public Health</u>, a bona fide agent of the Kentucky Department for Public Health. The project is in partnership with the Office of Kentucky Governor and the Kentucky Cabinets for Health and Family Services and Justice and Public Safety. The site, funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), will link to Kentucky's current, "<u>Don't Let Them Die</u>" website. The "Find Help Now KY" website also includes the statewide hotline number (1-833-8KY-HELP) for direct assistance.

"Find Help Now KY" features a near real-time treatment opening locator for substance use disorder (SUD, commonly known as addiction). The locator guides individuals to available SUD treatment openings based on the type of treatment needed. It takes into consideration the

substance(s) being used, payment options including commercial and public insurance programs, gender identity, preference for in- or out-patient treatment, and needed co-occurring treatments such as mental health care, plus 30 more criteria. The site provides daily availability information for treatment openings, to enable rapid admission to addiction programs. The "Find Help Now KY" landing page also allows high priority populations, such adolescents and those who are pregnant, to find treatment availability options more easily.



## **Kentucky Department of Corrections:**

## **Addiction Services of Kentucky**

Recovery is possible if you ASK for help!

The Division of Addiction Services is responsible for the clinical and administrative oversight of all Substance Use Disorder (SUD) treatment related to inmates, parolees, and probationers within our care as determined by statute. This oversight includes treatment in prisons, jails, reentry service centers (RSCs), recovery Kentucky Centers (RKCs), and Intensive Outpatient Programs (IOPs) through a partnership with regional Community Mental Health Centers (CMHCs). Substance Use Disorder clinical determination for probationers and parolees through a network of social service clinicians in the Probation & Parole districts are also included in this oversight.

To date, the Division has programs in the following:

- 11 programs in 8 prisons with a total of 853 beds
  - o 1 private prison program with 112 beds at Lee Adjustment Center (LAC)
- 29 programs in 22 detention centers/jails with a total of 1,555 beds
- 11 Reentry Service Centers with a total of 1,131 beds
- 14 Recover Kentucky Centers with a total of 840 beds
- 14 Intensive Outpatient Programs Community Mental Health Centers with a total of 1,450 beds
- 3 Regional Intensive Outpatient Programs (Louisville, Lexington, Northern Kentucky)
- 36 Social Service Clinicians assigned to Probation & Parole Districts

The Department has expanded programming from 475 treatment beds in 2004, to a current level of 5,941 treatment slots in 2019. This is an overall growth of over 1,300%. We continue to monitor for the necessity of additional programs. All prison and jail programs are licensed through the Office of Inspector General (OIG). The Division of Addiction Services has been providing a Substance Use Disorder treatment curriculum that is consistently becoming more clinically driven instead of punitively driven.

In 2015, the Kentucky General Assembly allocated \$10 million to the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet under Senate Bill 192. Of that, \$3 million was for the Department of Corrections (DOC) to fund Medically Assisted Treatment (MAT) in jails and prisons. In March 2016, the KY Division of Addiction Services was one of the first prison jurisdictions in the nation to initiate a protocol for

MAT, utilizing the injectable opioid antagonist Naltrexone (Vivitrol®) with inmates who meet the criteria for high risk alcohol, opioid, and heroin misuse. Our protocol and implementation has resulted in our designation as a Center of Innovation by the United States Bureau of Justice.

## **Recovery Kentucky**

Recovery Kentucky was created to help Kentuckians recover from substance misuse, which often leads to chronic homelessness. There are 14 Recovery Kentucky centers across the Commonwealth. They are in Bowling Green, Campbellsville, Erlanger, Florence, Grayson, Harlan, Henderson, Hopkinsville, Morehead, Owensboro, Paducah, Richmond, Somerset, and Knott County. These centers provide housing and recovery services for up to 2,000 Kentuckians simultaneously across the state.

The Recovery Kentucky centers were designed to reduce the state's drug problem and resolve some of the state's homeless issues. They help people recover from addiction and help them gain control of their lives to eventually reside in permanent housing.

Thousands of Kentuckians experience homelessness each year. Many of them are "chronically homeless," meaning they remain homeless for extended or repeated periods of time, often due to chemical dependency and other special needs. While the chronically homeless only represent a fraction of the homeless population, they consume over 50 percent of homeless resources.

As supportive housing projects, each center uses a recovery program model that includes peer support, daily living skills classes, job responsibilities, and establishes new behaviors.

This type of supportive housing and recovery program is proven to help people who face the most complex challenges to live more stable, productive lives. It has been demonstrated successfully by both the Hope Center in Lexington and The Healing Place in Louisville, which were models for the program, and was named "A Model That Works" by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Without a stable place to live and a support system to help them address their underlying problems, most homeless people who also suffer from substance misuse and addiction bounce around between shelters, public hospitals, prisons, psychiatric institutions, and detoxification

centers. Recovery Kentucky was designed to save Kentuckians millions in tax dollars that would have been spent on emergency room visits and jail costs.

## Partnerships and Funding:

Recovery Kentucky is a joint effort by the Department for Local Government (DLG), the Department of Corrections, and KHC. These agencies developed a financial plan that has provided construction and operational financing, including a \$2.5 million annual allocation of Low Income Housing Tax Credits from KHC, which will generate a total equity investment of approximately \$30 million for construction costs. Operational funding includes approximately \$3 million from DLG's Community Development Block Grant program and approximately \$5 million from the Department of Corrections.

The local governments and communities at each Recovery Kentucky center location have also contributed greatly in making these centers a reality.

#### WOMEN'S CENTERS

#### Evarts - Harlan County

Cumberland Hope Community Center for Women 6050 Hwy 38 Evarts, KY 40828 606-837-0100 or 606-837-0200

## Florence - Boone County

Brighton Center for Women 375 Weaver Rd. Florence, KY 41042 859-282-9390

## Henderson - Henderson County

Women's Addiction Recovery Manor 56 North McKinley Henderson, KY 42420 270-826-0036

#### Hopkinsville - Christian County Trilogy Center for Women

100 Trilogy Ave. Hopkinsville, KY 42240 270-885-2902

#### Lexington (Program Model) -Fayette County

The Hope Center Recovery Program for Women 1524 Versailles Rd. Lexington, KY 40504 859-252-2002

## Louisville (Program Model) -Jefferson County

The Healing Place Women and Children's Community 1503 S. 15th St. Louisville, KY 40210 502-568-6680

#### Richmond - Madison County

Liberty Place for Women 218 Lake St. Richmond, KY 40475 859-625-0104

#### Somerset - Pulaski County

SKYHope Recovery Center for Women 77 Union Street Somerset, KY 42501 606-425-4787

#### **MEN'S CENTERS**

## Bowling Green-Warren County Men's Addiction Recovery Campus 1791 Old Louisville Road

Bowling Green, KY 42101 270-715-0810

#### Campbellsville - Taylor County

The Healing Place of Campbellsville 105 Hiestad Rd. Campbellsville, KY 42718 270-789-0176

### Emmalena - Knott County

Hickory Hill Recovery Center 100 Recovery Way Emmalena, KY 41740 606-785-0141

#### Erlanger - Kenton County

Transitions Grateful Life Center for Men 305 Pleasure Isle Dr. Erlanger, KY 41018 859-359-4500

#### Grayson - Carter County

Genesis Recovery Kentucky Center 400 CW Stephen Blvd. Grayson, KY 41143 606-898-2111

## Lexington (Program Model) -Fayette County

George Privett Recovery Center for Men 250 W Loudon Ave. Lexington, KY 40508 859-225-4673

#### Louisville (Program Model) -Jefferson County

The Healing Place for Men 1020 W. Market St. Louisville, KY 40202 502-585-4848

#### Morehead - Rowan County

Morehead Inspiration Center for Men 1111 W US 60 Morehead, KY 40351-9271 606-783-0404 Fax: 606-783-0422

#### Owensboro - Daviess County

Owensboro Regional Recovery Center for Men 4301 Veach Rd. Owensboro, KY 42303 270-689-0905

## Paducah - McCracken County

CenterPoint Recovery Center for Men 530 County Park Rd. Paducah, KY 42001 270-444-3640

## **FOR MORE INFORMATION**

# Mike Townsend Toll-free in Kentucky: 800-633-8896 502-564-7630, extension 715 TTY 711 mtownsend@kyhousing.org





## Office of Drug Control Policy Staff

## Van Ingram van.ingram@ky.gov

Van Ingram is the Executive Director for the Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy. Van joined the KY-ODCP in **November 2004**, shortly after the office was created with the mission of coordinating Kentucky's substance misuse efforts in enforcement, treatment and prevention/education.

Van served with the Maysville Kentucky Police Department for more than 23 years, the last six as Chief of Police. He is a former President of the Kentucky Association of Chiefs of Police, and was named "Kentucky Chief of the Year" in 2001. He is the 2004 recipient of the Governor's Award for Outstanding Contribution to Law Enforcement, as well as, the Melvin Shein Award for distinguished service to Kentucky law enforcement.

Van is a certified law enforcement instructor and has trained officers across the state on a variety of topics, including community oriented policing, case management, and "Kentucky Substance Misuse Issues" for Chiefs, Sheriff's and command staff. He is a frequent speaker on a variety of substance misuse issues both in Kentucky and nationally.

## <u>Heather Hogan Wainscott heather.wainscott@ky.gov</u>

Heather Wainscott joined the Kentucky Office of Drug Control Policy in **March 2005** as Branch Manager. Heather began her public service career in 1997 serving as the Executive Assistant to the Franklin County Judge Executive, as well as, the Payroll & Human Resources Administrator for the Franklin County Fiscal Court.

Heather has an extensive background in Local Government Administration and Public Relations. She also worked as a contract lobbyist, and served as Director of Marketing for Junior Achievement, a not-for-profit organization whose purpose is to inspire young people to succeed in a global economy. Heather also has a breadth of high school and middle-school classroom teaching experience in World History, American History, and Political Science.

Heather holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Political Science and Education from the University of Kentucky.

## Amy Andrews amy.andrews@ky.gov

Amy Andrews joined KY-ODCP as the Program Manager for the Kentucky Agency for Substance Abuse Policy in **July 2007**. She began her service with the State of Kentucky in 2004 working with the Kentucky Office of Homeland Security, the Kentucky Personnel Cabinet, the Governor's Office of General Counsel and the Office of the Governor's Chief of Staff. Additionally, Amy worked as a legal assistant with the U.S. Attorney's Office for both the Middle District of Georgia as well as the Western District of Kentucky. Her duties included working with the Anti-Terrorism Advisory Council and the Law Enforcement Coordinating Committee. Amy attended Columbus State University where she majored in Criminal Justice.

OFFICE OF DRUG CONTROL POLICY
JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY CABINET
125 HOLMES STREET
FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40601
502-564-9564
502-564-6104 (FAX)
1-888-414-ODCP
WWW.ODCP.KY.GOV

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